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THE CAMPAIGN OPENS.

Many Patriotic Democrats in Pennsylvania Will Vote for McKinley.

THEY RISE TO THE OCCASION

Ringing Address to Sound Money Men in the State.

THREE ELECTORS HAVE RESIGNED.

They Could Not Consistently Stand Upon the Chicago Platform—No Political Issue Involved in This Campaign—A Union of All Loyal Citizens Needed at This Time Against the Forces of Repudiation and Disorder.

[Special Correspondence.

PHILADELPHIA, July 27.—The sentiment of the state as reflected in the last week has been entirely favorable to McKinley and Hobart and against Bryan and Sewall. Many patriotic Democrats of the commonwealth have arisen to the importance of the occasion, and, like the war Democrats of 1860, are for the Union first and the party afterwards. Already three electors have resigned from the ticket, while thousands of Democratic voters have announced their intention of bolting in November.

There is much significance in the consultation held by leading Democrats of this city to consider what line of duty they should accept in the present presidential contest. The following resolutions were offered by John C. Bullitt and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, 1. That the platform adopted by the Chicago convention is neither honest nor patriotic, and, therefore, nor democratic;

That it differs so radically from the true doctrines of the Democratic party, particularly from the national platform of 1892, and of the Pennsylvania platform of the year 1896, that we cannot, as honest Democrats, accept its wide departure from true Democratic doctrine, and we believe that the highest duty of Democrats is to make every effort to defeat the ticket nominated at Chicago.

Resolved, That a committee of seven be appointed, of whom the president of this meeting shall be chairman, with instructions to confer with representative Democrats throughout the state, for the purpose of formulating some plan to preserve the integrity of the Democratic party in Pennsylvania, and secure the defeat of Bryan and Sewall.

* * *

As a result of this meeting an address has been issued to the Democracy of the state. It is signed by Henry D. Welsh, chairman; John C. Bullitt, George F. Tyler, James F. Sullivan, William M. Singerly, Joseph Morwitz and Emanuel Eisenman. Commenting upon the platform the address says:

"This platform is a bold and startling departure from the principles, traditions and teachings of the Democratic party as formulated from the birth of the republic, down to the assembling of the convention at Chicago—a platform so false, so misleading in its tendencies, and so dangerous in its policies to the welfare and life of free government that it behooves all honest and patriotic men to rebuke and condemn it.

"It proposes to debase the coin of the United States by the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the rate of 53 cents for the dollar of 100 cents, and by the power of the government to compel the acceptance of the false and debased coins—no longer limited in amount as to be convertible into gold—by the people, at their nominal value, thereby cheating honest creditors, defrauding the laborer of nearly one-half of his wages, robbing the pensioned soldier of one-half of the value of his pension, contracting the currency, by the expulsion of every coin from circulation, and injuring, if not destroying, our commerce with foreign countries, enriching a few silver mine owners at the expense of the people, and permitting, under cover of law, a dishonest debtor to evade payment of half his indebtedness. It tends to bring the workingmen and the workingmen down to the degraded financial condition of the people of Mexico, India, China and Japan, against all countries in which the silver standard prevails and where the rewards of labor are lower than anywhere else in the world."

* * *

The address further says: "The Chicago convention having thus departed from the democratic faith and promulgated new and strange doctrines, and having erected within the temple of Democracy a shrine for the worship of false gods, all Democrats are absolved from every obligation to respect or support its revolutionary principles; and as the doctrines announced are dishonest, destructive of national and private obligation, and tend to sectional and class distinctions, engender divisions and hatred and strife among the people, we are bound as true friends of the republic to repudiate it, and by every lawful means to insure the defeat of Bryan and Sewall, who have both given their adhesion to its false doctrines.

POSSIBLE STATE CONVENTION.

Many of our fellow Democrats who regard the integrity of party organization as of first importance will doubtless feel constrained to accept the platform and principles of the Chicago convention under protest, and trust to the future to restore sound Democratic principles; but those who are Democrats from belief in and attachment to the just principles of free government, which the party has hitherto so courageously and persistently asserted, and who regard party organization as only a means to secure the practical enforcement of those principles in the administration of government, cannot conscientiously accept so narrow a view of their duty to their country."

* * *

The over-enthusiastic and over-confident Populists and Silverites who counted Senator Cameron as one of their own are disappointed. He has not been figuring prominently of late, but he turns up all right, as might be expected. Cameron will support McKinley. "I am for free silver," he says, "but I am not a fool."

There is a world of wisdom in this brief statement.

WHAT DOES 16 TO 1 MEAN.

Explanation of the Part of the Silver Question That is Least Understood.

The part of the silver question that seems to be least understood is what is meant by the coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. Undoubtedly many people throughout the country have the impression that this means that if free coinage becomes a law the government will pay the holder of every dollar in gold which is presented at the treasury $16 in silver. It is stated as a fact that a colored man went into the bank at Charlotte, N. C., one day last week and placing a gold dollar at the teller's window said, "Massa, please give me silver for this." The teller tossed him out a silver dollar. As he saw that he did not leave he asked him what he was waiting for. The darkey replied, "Where is the rest, massa? They tell us that you give $16 in silver for one gold dollar." And it was with difficulty that the teller convinced him that he was not being cheated.

Now, what is meant by 16 to 1? It simply means that sixteen ounces of silver are considered by the government as being of the same value as one ounce of gold. One ounce of pure gold will coin in gold dollars $18.60. If that is to be considered the value of sixteen ounces of silver and the government buys the silver and coins it into dollars, it will be paying at the rate of $1.16 per ounce for the silver. Now, the present market value of silver is 65 cents per ounce, consequently the government will be paying the wealthy silver barons 51 cents profit in addition to the market price on every ounce of silver bought from them without limit as to quantity. It so happens that the present market price of wheat in Chicago is about 65 cents a bushel, or the same as an ounce of silver. Why is it not just as reasonable to demand that the government shall purchase the entire wheat crop of the country at market prices and pay for it at $1.16 a bushel, thus making the farmer a present of 51 cents on each bushel? This is exactly what the mine owners are demanding for their product. The purchase of wheat would have this advantage, that it certainly would benefit a larger number of persons, for there are a great many more farmers than there are mine owners. If on next election day the free coinage ticket should be elected, silver mining will be so stimulated in this country that the amount of silver taken from the mines will probably reach the total of 100,000,000 ounces per annum. If the government should coin all this at the ratio of 16 to 1, as our free coinage friends demand that it should, the total profit to the few silver kings in the country will be $51,000,000 per annum.

Now who pays this profit? Undoubtedly the farmer, the workingmen who earn their dollars by the sweat of their brows, and who are entitled to be paid by a dollar that will purchase as much as any other dollar in the world, and not in dollars whose purchasing power is reduced to nearly one-half on account of a profit paid to the few mine owners who are already wealthy. This profit will make the value of the silver dollar, and by that is meant the purchasing power of the dollar, coined at the ratio of 16 to 1, a little more than 50 cents, and while a farmer may receive just as many silver dollars for his produce, and the laborer for his work, as he has been receiving he will be able to buy just about one-half as much with them. The silver men claim that the farmer would be more benefited than any other class of men. They keep saying that he is a producer, but they forget to add that he is also a consumer or purchaser. It is true that he raises wheat, but can he eat wheat without having it first ground into flour, and must he not pay the miller for grinding it? He raises cattle, but can he wear cattle? He must turn his cattle into dollars, and use those dollars to buy clothes with. Even if he does get a higher price for his products under free coinage, as the silver men say that he will, the increased profit will be more than eaten up in the increased cost of the things that he is compelled to buy. The only way in which he could come out square would be in the immediate doubling in value of all of his products, which is not likely to occur. Prices for such articles as he produces advance gradually, and he meantime will be compelled to stand a heavy loss.

From the selfish standpoint no man can afford to place himself against financial honesty and 100 cent dollars. The free coinage platform means repudiation of debts which no honest man wants to see, cheapening of labor, increased cost of living, and a denial of financial principles the soundness of which has been demonstrated in every country on the earth.

This is not a question of politics, it is a question of honor, a question of patriotism, and just as men in 1861 gathered together irrespective of politics to preserve the integrity of the nation, so honest men must now stand shoulder to shoulder to uphold the financial honor of the nation, and to proclaim to the world that we neither want to deceive ourselves or to pay our debts with a debased currency. We want every one to know that every obligation which this nation has made will be met squarely and honorably, and that we do not propose to shield ourselves behind the so called free coinage plank, and try to pay our debts with dollars worth 53 cents in place of 100 cents. It is a time to throw aside all mere partisan feeling, and for the honest men of the country to stand shoulder to shoulder in favor of that which is right, true and honorable.

A CAMPAIGN OF MOUTH.

—New York Press.

Will Support McKinley and Gold.

The Free Press will bolt the ticket, and support McKinley and gold.—Holyoke (Mass.) Free Press.

Cannot Accept Men or Measures.

The Times will not, cannot, advocate the adoption and acceptance by the American people of the Populistic, anarchistic, undemocratic and anti-Democratic measures and men presented for indorsement by the Chicago convention.—Louisville (Ky.) Times.

Repudiation of Honest Obligations.

The Lewiston Sun will not support the platform and nominees of the silver Democratic convention. The acceptance of a silver platform, The Sun honestly believes, would bring disaster and panic. It means the repudiation of the country's honest obligations.—Lewiston (Me.) Sun.

What the Convention Could Not Do.

The ardent advocates of the white metal can unseat regular sound money Democratic delegates; they can ignore the two-thirds rule; they can, as they did in this state, throttle the voice of the minority and bind them under protest with the unit rule, but there are some things they cannot do. They cannot, thank God, change our honest convictions or compel us to cast our ballot for any candidate.—Alexandria (Va.) Times.

West Virginia's Republican Ticket.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., July 24.—After being in session two days and two nights, with unusually protracted and hot contests for the nominations, except for the head of the ticket, the Republican state convention late last night adjourned sine die. The ticket chosen is as follows: For governor, George W. Atkinson of Wheeling; auditor, L. M. Lafollettee; treasurer, M. A. Kendall; superintendent of schools, J. Russell Trotter; supreme judge, H. C. McWhorter; electors-at-large, J. B. Firsh and S. B. Rathbone.

Eckels on the Situation.

PITTSBURG, July 24.—Comptroller Eckels passed through the city last night en route to Chicago to attend the Democratic gold convention. He said a great many of the most profound thinkers and financiers of the country had made a request for such a convention. The outcome of the gathering, he said, would certainly be the issuing of a call for a national candidate to nominate a ticket on a gold platform and on a plan suited to real Democrats. The new ticket, he is assured, would receive the support of many Democrats who would remain at home on election day rather than vote for Bryan on a silver Populist platform. He thinks the silver idea is being kept at fever heat by oratory which will expend its force long before the four months have expired. He thinks Bryan will suffer defeat, but if he should be elected he could not further his silver plans because of a Republican congress

* * *

THERE is nothing binding upon any Democrat to vote for the ticket nominated at Chicago.

MAN WITH MORTGAGE.

The Free Silver Craze Now Presented in a New Light.

A FRANK REPLY TO A QUERY

Proof That Cheap Dollars Do Not Pay the Farmers.

SAVINGS PLACED IN DANGER.

Widows, Orphans and Wards Dependent Upon Small Investments Would Have Their Incomes Greatly Reduced—All Should Give Careful Thought Before a Vote Is Given for a Complete Revolution in Financial Affairs.

PHILADELPHIA, July 27.—A correspondent of The Inquirer who lives in Pottstown, and who wishes to be known only as "B," writes for information and we shall give it. He says:

"If I owe $1,000 on a mortgage written payable in lawful money of the United States and should a free coinage act pass and the bullion price of silver remain as it is—53 cents—(meaning 53 cents worth in a dollar) could I not purchase $530 worth of bullion, have it coined free and pay for my mortgage with it? If so, would I not be the gainer to the extent of the difference? If so, would it not inure to the disadvantage of the borrower in that the mortgagee will demand payment of all mortgages possible before such a law should pass?"

There are two kinds of mortgages. In these days most contracts read that payments shall be made in gold. Such mortgages would have to be paid upon a gold basis, and that would mean, under a free silver act, two silver dollars in place of one. Whether the mortgagee would demand immediate payment is a question which he alone would have to decide. If a mortgage reads "lawful money," then of course the borrower would be able to pay in 53 cent dollars, and thus cheat the lender most royally. The theory of the free silver men is that the farmer who has given a mortgage payable in "lawful money" will be able to pay it off with a cheap dollar.

Now let us ask our correspondent a few questions in turn.

Have you a wife and family, and, if so, do you hold a life insurance policy for their benefit? You have been paying assessments on this policy in dollars worth 100 cents. How are you coming out under free silver? A complete answer is given to this question by Colonel Jacob L. Greene, who is the president of a life insurance company, which is the largest moneyed institution in all New England. There are no stockholders in this company over which Colonel Greene presides. It is purely a mutual concern. There are 65,000 policies outstanding. This means that 65,000 different men and women have placed their money in that institution and are individually interested in its business. Colonel Greene says that his corporation has never touched political questions, nor would it do so now unless that political action were directed to issues involving the very life blood and substance of that which his company has undertaken to do in behalf of families and estates. He refers to the Chicago convention of the Democratic party and its free silver platform, and he says, addressing the policy holders:

"Should this party so led come to power upon this platform the government dues, instead of being paid, as now, in gold at 100 cents, or in paper, which it now redeems with such gold and never with silver, would be paid in silver, or in paper redeemed in silver, which silver we could use in trade at only its bullion value of 53 cents on the dollar. The greenbacks being then redeemed in 53 cent dollars, the government bonds and their interest being paid in 53 cent dollars, our national bank currency, which rests on government bonds, redeemable in 53 cent greenbacks, and the gold gone from domestic circulation into international trade, we shall be on the single 53 cent silver dollar basis. One hundred cent gold dollars do not swap even for 53 cent dollars of silver, iron or copper. Fifty-two cents' worth of anything can never buy more than 53 cents' worth of anything else. Then the purchasing power of your policies will be cut in two."

Colonel Greene quotes history to show that under free silver there would be a steady decline in the price of silver. He adds:

"Should we come upon a silver basis your policies would for the present be paid in dollars worth to your families only about fifty cents, and the great bulk of them would probably be paid in dollars worth not more than from twenty-five to thirty-five cents. It is, therefore, our duty to warn you that by so much as it was your duty to make this provision for the protection of your families by so much is it your present duty to see, so far as your action can prevent it, that no part of that provision is lost to them by being paid in dollars which are worth anything less than the 100 cents in which you have been paying your premiums."

Here is a very clear statement directed to thousands of policy holders, telling them that under free silver the money which they have paid in would decrease in value, and that while they have paid dollars worth 100 cents they would receive dollars worth 50 cents or less.

Are you a member of a building and loan association? Are you connected with a benevolent, fraternal or insurance order? Do you hold a fire insurance policy on your house? If so, the statement of Colonel Greene concerning life insurance is adaptable to these cases.

In these days of Populism we hear a great deal about creditor and debtor classes. There are no such classes. Nearly every man in the United States owes money. Therefore, all men are debtors. You have given a mortgage for $1,000. On the other hand, are you not a creditor to a certain extent? Have you not got a few hundred dollars deposited in a savings bank? If so, under free silver what will your deposits be worth? If all the depositors in the United States should make a raid upon the savings banks between the election in November, should Bryan win, and the inauguration in March, every savings bank would fail. Then what would become of your deposits? Or if these depositors should allow their money to remain, instead of receiving 100 cents on the dollar they would receive 53 cent dollars. Just consider the suffering which must follow free silver. Do you hold a pension, or does any of your friends? It would be cut down one-half in value. Widows, orphans and wards dependent entirely upon small investments would have their incomes greatly reduced. Free silver, therefore, would cut both ways.

Look Out for Them.

Sharpers are working the "flim flam" change racket in Altoona. The scheme is as follows, so if the fellows come this way you will save more money than the price of a years subscription to the DAILY NEWS if you keep your eyes open: Two men enter a store with a ten dollar note. One buys something for a small sum, while the other engages the clerk in a conversation to confuse him. When the clerk hands out the change the purchases always discovers that he has the exact sum in change so he asks to have to have the $10 bill back again. Aided by the confusion caused by the conversation of his pal he hands back the silver change, keeping the $5 bill and getting back his $10 note. So adept are the swindlers at the game that none but cool-headed people escape them. Young clerks and women are their especial marks.

Sad Fate of Berry Pickers.

Pottsville, Pa., July 28.—This afternoon Fred Losch, aged 21; John Akin, aged 18, and a young sister of the latter, went out on a hill near Tamaqua to pick huckle berries. The young man went into a mine breach where an abundance of the berries seemed within easy access. They had scarcely reached what they thought to be the bottom when they suddenl disappeared and have not yet been found. They dropped into an almost bottomless breach and it is thought to-night that their bodies can never be recovered. The alarm was given by the girl who sat on the edge of the breach awaiting their return.

Gave Sowden the Marble Heart.

Allentown, July 28.—Democratic State Chairman Wright has sent the following answer to the letter sent him by ex-Congressman Sowden, in which the latter wants the democratic state convention recalled and a new set of electors named:

"I have just received you letter. When, and if the occasion arises, to pass up any of your suggestions, I will give them such consideration as at that time they may seem to merit."

COINAGE CATECHISM.

Some Pertinent Questions and Answers on the Money Problem.

WORLD'S GOLD PRODUCTION

Many Millions of It Comes Freely Into Circulation.

REGARDING TREASURY RESERVE.

Germany, France and England All Occupy the Same Position as the United States in This Respect—Suspension of Gold Payment on Government Notes Would Affect Every Person That Possessed a Dollar.

Q. Where are the latest official figures of the world's gold production? A. In the mint director's estimate for 1896, published last week.

Q. What does this estimate show the world's present annual gold production to be? A. $220,000,000, or $17,000,000 more than in 1895.

Q. Compare this total with previous periods. A. The world's average annual production of gold, between 1870 and 1880, was $115,081,500; of silver, $91,857,500; total, $206,939,000, or less by $13,000,000 than this year's estimated production of gold alone. As lately as 1884, the world's combined production of gold and silver was less by $13,000,000 than its present production of gold alone.

Q. Does this $220,000,000 of new gold come freely into circulation? A. It does.

Q. How can you prove that fact? A. By the annual coinage statements of the leading gold producing and gold importing nations, all of which show a steady increase. By the amount of gold in the world's great depository banks, which has increased with equal rapidity. These are perfectly trustworthy signs.

Q. Is it not true that most of the new supply is "cornered" by the Rothschilds? A. There is not the slightest reason for supposing such a thing.

Q. But if the world's gold supply has been increasing so rapidly, and is not "cornered," why has it grown harder every year for our government to maintain its own gold reserve? A. Because of the free silver coinage movement in this country.

Q. How can that movement affect our gold reserve? A. First, by forcing so much new silver and paper money into circulation that nobody pays gold any longer to the government. Second, by the threat that the free coinage party will redeem the government notes and bonds in silver only, which causes holders of the notes to present them now for gold.

Q. Why should such holders present their government notes for redemption now? A. For the same reason that made people, in the old state bank days, rush in for redemption the notes of a bank which was likely to stop payment.

Q. Are there not other nations than our own whose currency requires a large gold reserve? A. There are.

Q. What nations, for instance? A. Germany, France, England.

Q. Do not these countries have the same trouble with their gold reserve as our treasury does? A. Not in the least. The gold reserve in each of these three countries is larger than necessary, and is constantly increasing.

Q. Why is their situation so different from ours? A. Because there has been no doubt of the money standard in Germany, France or England.

Q. But has not the United States always had especial trouble in getting gold for its currency? A. It has not.

Q. When did it get gold easily? A. Between 1834, when the gold standard was adopted, and 1861, when paper money was substituted and the gold standard abandoned.

Q. Did gold flow in readily at any other period? A. It did.

Q. When? A. After the resumption of specie payments by the United States in 1870, which was accepted by the world as our re-adoption of the gold standard.

Q. What followed that resumption of specie payments? A. Within two years, $174,000,000 gold was sent to us from Europe.

Q. But surely this gold did not go into the treasury? A. More of it than the treasury needed went in.

Q. How do you know that? A. As early as Sept. 19, 1879, the secretary of the treasury announced that "gold coin, beyond the needs of the government, had accumulated in the treasury," and authorized the use of gold in regular treasury expenditures.

Q. Were those two years a period of prosperity? A. For this country, a period of unparalleled prosperity.

Q. How long did this prosperity last? A. Until the silver coinage movement was again threatening our maintenance of the gold standard.

Q. What happened then? A. Gold payments into the treasury almost ceased, and gold withdrawals through redemp- of government notes grew larger.

Q. Suppose all the gold in the treasury reserve were to be used up, what would happen? A. The government could not pay gold coin to the holders of its notes.

Q. What difference would that make to a holder of a government note—say of a

Continued on Fifth Page.

Company "B" at Camp.

CAMP JOHN GIBBON,
LEWISTOWN, PA.,
July 22, 1896.

MR. EDITOR:—Your correspondent will take advantage of a short breathing spell between drills to give the readers of the DAILY NEWS a little information about the camp life here, which is proving the source of plenty of exercise and plenty of fun. It is unnecessary to add anything to the descriptions of the camp site that have been published in many of the city papers already. Suffice it to say that the military dignitaries and the "sogers" in general seem to be unanimously of the opinion that the site is the most picturesque and suitable one selected for a division encampment in many years. While it is true that the three brigades are located far apart, making it a rather wearisome task to "do the camp," still it is to the advantage of the brigades in that they have better facilities for brigade manoeuvres by reason of the large extent of drill ground provided for them. The visitors attending the encampment seem much fewer in number than they really are because of the immense area over which the camp is extended, but the "soger boys" are here for business, of coure, and it is for their interest and advantage undoubtedly that the facilities for drill are so great. And the boys have been availing themselves of this advantage by drilling every opportunity they have had and doing the best they have known how. We never knew an emcampment to start in more auspiciously than it did this year. Everyone seemed to think that the camp routine got under way sooner and with less friction than has been experienced in a long time. On Saturday morning the camp, as your readers know, was formally opened, and the honor of furnishing the first guard for division headquarters fell to the Fifth Regiment, a sergeant of Company B acting as sergeant of the guard.

Since the first gun was fired, announcing the opening of "Camp Gibbon," it has been one continuous drill almost, whether by company, battalion, or regiment, and while the vast majority of the guards have stood the ordeal very well, still here and there others have succumbed to the heat or other causes. There is one thing certain and that is the "boys" this year are earning their pay if they ever did. The hard drill work has been offset by the pleasure of seeing so many friends from Bellefonte each passing day, and right here it might be well to remark upon the genuine enjoyment the members of Company B are deriving from the results of the "Drummer Boy of Shiloh," which the people of Bellefonte so heartily patronized and helped. When our friends have been here it has given the boys great satisfaction to be able to invite them to sit down with them at dinner or supper and let them see that, comparatively speaking, we are enjoying luxuries at camp under the immense tent purchased with some of the "Drummer Boy of Shiloh" money. We have an elegant range, a first class caterer in Sergeant Alexander, plenty to eat, and variety, and what to us is as important as anything else, a cook in A. B. Musser of Unionville who thoroughly understands his business, and as a result is keeping the boys happy. The bootblacks, fakirs and camp followers generally are a constant source of amusement at camp, as they always have been. Many of them look forward to a military camp as a Mecca whither they will repair and coin money and have one big time. But we just have an idea that when they come to balance up their books at the end of the week they find their profits and losses about balanced, and as to a good time the balance rather favors a sore feeling. There is always among the soldiers a desire for what is good and pretty, but they all want to be so generous that they can never tell who is to stand the treat and the result is nobody is satisfied, not even the fakir himself. And, oh, how the peddlers do fly when the patience of the boys has become exhausted at seeing the seemingly never ending stream of money-coveting humanity. There are always at hand those who can be made interesting victims of the paddle to amuse the spectators.

Then the old camp tricks of turning over tents at unseasonable hours, sending "greenies" to headquarters for umbrellas, gum boots, strap oil, etc., organizing false patrols and arresting unwary ones, or taking away the boys from "their girls" whom they learn to know so suddenly—all these tricks of former camps still serve to lighten the burdens of military discipline. But this does not end the source of fun at camp, for there are always to be found among a large number of men perfect geniuses, comedians, who take to wit as naturally as they take to police duty. Why, in Company B we have men who take to digging trenches as readily as they take their meals, men who take to book agents as ducks to water. The book agent may blow and blow as he tries to sell his book until his mind has been exhausted, but a single blow from some soldiers can knock out an agent in a second. We have men who are so popular that they are wanted for everything, one moment they are wanted to dig the sink, the next to fall in for guard duty, the next to pick up the pennies amidst the paddling of the paddler with which to win their *Bet(t)s*, and so it goes day after day and night after night—drill and fun, exercise and pleasure alternating continually.

Tuesday was inspection day and we trust our marks have reached a very creditable point. The boys have worked hard and faithfully enough, under Capt. Quigley and Lieutenants Jackson and Taylor, to win a high standing in the regiment.

Sergeant Smith and Corporal Samuel Taylor last evening presented each member of the company a perishable remembrance in view of their prospective departure from camp before the encampment would be concluded. A vote of thanks was tendered them by the company. But we must concluded this letter as it is already too long. We will try to give more items of personal interest in our next. On Friday evening it is very likely that the tenth and fifth regiments will engage in another exciting game of foot ball on the parade grounds. It will be remembered that the game last year between these regiments was one of the events of the week. Let the friends come to camp and they will receive a very cordial welcome. We are preparing for a big day to-morrow—Governor's Day. Good-bye for now. SOLDIER.

Completing the Big Tower.

Possibly three more weeks will elapse before the broad, black platform that has for years encircled the Philadelphia City Hall tower where the marble work ends will be entirely removed. The east side has been taken down and the north side is being removed, but some work still remains on the other two sides, which necessitates the use of the platform. All the statues are up except the eagle, and that will be placed in position next week. After the platform is removed there will still remain two months' work to do. The space about the clock face is to be covered leaving only the circular opening on each side. Some of this metal is not yet plated.

Maniac Buried his Money.

Indiana, Pa., July 22.—John Foust, of Nicktown, Cambria county, while on a visit to his sister at Homer City, became suddenly insane and was placed in the Dixmont insane asylum. After the departure of the brother, the sister looked through the satchel. She found a piece of paper which Foust claimed to have hidden in her cellar. It was known that he always carried considerable money about his person, so a couple of men were called in, who dug diligently in the floor of the cellar, and at last unearthed the money of the maniac. In the pile were $1,240 in gold, $123 in silver and $869 in greenbacks or $2,232 in all. The money was brought to Indiana and put in the First National bank, pending legal disposition of it by the court.

—No it didn't rain—but it poured.

—Cruse, the cigar manufacturer, has put a new sign out in front of his factory on West High street. It is a dandy and shows off the Crusader in great style.

—Thomas Mitchell, George Meek, John Lyon and Galer Morrison departed on Thursday afternoon for Lewistown to take in the encampment. They drove in a carriage but met with an accident on the mountains near Milroy and had to stay there until another conveyance could be secured.

NASAL CATARRH Is a LOCAL DISEASE and the result of colds and sudden climatic changes.

It can be cured by a pleasant remedy which is applied directly into the nostrils.

ELY'S CREAM BALM.

Opens and cleanses the nasal passages, allays pain and Inflamation, heals the sores protects the membrane from cold, restores the senses of taste and smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once. Price 50 cents at druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York

A New Weed for Farmers.

American farmers may be confronted with the danger of another troublesome weed somewhat similar to the Russian thistle in its destructive extent, unless immediate steps ar taken to check the further progress of "tumbling mustard." Tumbling mustard has become very obnoxious as a weed in the Canadian northwest provinces during the past five years and recently has been reported from nine different localities in the United States. Its record in Canada and the rapidity with which it has already spread have actuated the agricultural department to issue a special warning for prompt action. So far the weed has been confined to a small area in this country. It is usually introduced in baled hay poorly cleaned seed, stock cars or sweepings from grain cars. It is especially likely to be contained in timothy seed, a large proportion of which is grown in the Sioux Dekota. The weed has not yet infested this region, but the statement is made that if it should spread in these fields for two consecutive years it probably would ruin the timothy seed industry of the entire section. Various methods of complete eradication are given in this warning.

Sales of Oleomargarine.

The Pennsylvania State Dairymen's association has made public its annual report. Its secretary, G. H. St. John states: "During the last year the manufacturers of oleomargarine paid a tax on a trifle less than 70,000,000 pounds. They also swear before the authorities that it costs about 6 cents a pound to make this mixture of tallow and cotton seed oil. Now if they sell this mixture for only 12 cents a pound (and they sell it for more) we find they get $4,200,000 annually from the pocket of the people. I think it is not only the duty of this association to teach the best methods of dairying, but to take the lead in securing stringent laws against the making and selling of impure food. To this end I would recommend the appointment of a legislative committee, whose duty it shall be to represent this association in all matters of this kind where legislation is needed."

Reading Notice.

Thirty years continuous practice of Medicine and Surgery, almost a lifetime, such is the record of Dr. Henry W. Lobb, of Philadelphia. During all these years he has treated many prominent people, coming from all parts of the globe. His reputation for cures of private diseases after all others have failed is known the world over. His success is due entirely to his thorough knowledge and lifelong existence. Those suffering from indiscretions are speedily and soundly cured, and made bodily strong and vigorous, giving renewed youth and feeling to the rundown and infirm. He is the only genuine Specialist in Philadelphia. Many have imitated him, but last for a few years and only drop out of existence. Dr. Lobb is in thorough health and feels that for thirty years more to come, he will continue curing thousands of people of blood poison and neglect, nervous debility and general weakness, giving in all cases a guarantee of a permanent cure. All sufferers should send for his great book of 208 pages, cloth-bound. It is sent free describing all diseases.

A Lack of Home Discipline.

The old fashioned stern dicipline and rule of families by fear is not attractive in our day, and a thorough going companionship of elders and children is much to be preferred. But certainly the sternest of rules was preferable to the indifference that leaves children to educate themselves in crime. The world they have to encounter is bad enough at the best, but here there is developed a special service of the devil for the contamination of youth. The doings of the immoral, the exploits of the criminal, and everything morbid and horrible that can be imagined or discovered are especially prepared by sensational publications for inflaming young passions and debauching young souls.

Caught a Fawn.

Renovo Record: While a party of surveyors were going over lands lying on the left branch of Kettle creek, one day last week, a fawn sprang up among the laurels It was pursued and captured by Samuel Pfoutz. He took up the little deer and faundled it with true fatherly appreciation. He brought it to his home and will endeavor to raise it. During the trip through the mountains the party killed three snakes.

Scotland's Industrial School's Principal.

Harrisburg, July 15.—At a meeting of Soldier's Orphans' schools' commission today, in this city, professor J. N. Clark, principal of the Hartford school, was elected the superintendent of the Scotland Industrial school.

Season of Dog Days.

The murky weather conditions today remind us forcibly that we are now in the dog day season. The dog days are so called from the fact that the rising of the dog star (Sirius) is during the period coincident with the rising of the sun. The extreme heat of this season of the year, although to us palpably the effect of the high position of the sun, was connected by the ancients with the appearance of the star in the morning. They considered the dog star as raging, and gave the time the appellation of the dog days. The liability of dogs to rabies in consequence of the heat of the season, was connected with the same star, though there was nothing but accident in the collusion, and they butchered these animals without mercy.

At Argos there was a festival expressly instituted for the killing of dogs during this season. By the procession of the equinoxes the heliacal rising of Sirius in the morning has been changed to the latter end of August, and in a few thousand years more it will take place in the depth of winter.

Wheat Area in the State.

From information obtained at the agricultural department it is learned that the wheat area in Pennsylvania varies from 1,275,000 to 1,350,000 acres. The yield yearly varies from 11,750,000 bushels in unfavorable years to 22,500,000 in years favorable to production. The annual consumption of wheat in this state is placed at 22,750,000 bushels and the amount in addition used for seed at 2,225,000, or a total of 24,975,000 bushels that are consumed. It will be seen from these figures that Pennsylvania does not produce as much wheat as it consumes.

An Injunction Refused.

Philadelphia, July 24.—The Union Switch and Signal company and the Fidelity Title and Trust company, of Pittsburg, were this morning refused a preliminary injunction in the United States Circuit court to restrain the Philadelphia and Reading railroad and others from making electric signaling apparatus, the exclusive right which is claimed by the complainants.

The COMPLIMENT

Of imitation has so frequently been paid by its contemporaries to the.....

Philadelphia RECORD

in recent years that those of their readers who are not thoroughly

WIDE AWAKE

would almost be excusable if they shou'd occasionally lose sight of the fact that a born

LEADER OF NEWSPAPERS,

like any other originator or pioneer, is never contented except

THE FOREMOST POSITION.

When "The Philadelphia Record" undertook nineteen years ago to demonstrate that the best of morning newspapers could be made and sold for one cent, publishers were generally skeptical. But the world of readers was not asleep. Consequently "The Record" was not long in reaching a commanding position, and, improving upon this, its circulation and influence were finally recognized among the foremost of America's great journals. Hence the compliment of imitation, which is now paid to it in every city of note from the Atlantic coast to the Mississippi valley. Every city worth mentioning now has one or more good one cent morning dailies, though so recently as only 10 years ago, Philadelphia and and "The Record" stood alone in this respect.

NEWS CONCISELY PUBLISHED

without the omission of any essential feature, is still the best news, notwithstanding the once more prevalent tendency to pad it and stretch it out.

THE BUSY MAN'S PAPER

therefore, still originates, still leads, and publishes more news to the column than its neighbors of larger dimensions.

THE DAILY AND SUNDAY

Record.

With their inimitable and always instructive features in addition to the day's news from all the world, are almost unrivaled in circulation as in good qualities. With an average daily circulation of over 100,000 copies, and an average of about 120,000 on Sundays, "The Record" is still, regardless of all imitation, easily a leader of leading newspaper. A paper so good, with 10 to 14 pages for one cent, is still very properly a favorite. Though low in price, it is never cheap, but spares no expense that will give its readers the very best and freshest information of all that's going on around them.

The Daily Edition

of "The Philadelphia Record" is sent by mail for $3 per year, or 25 cents per month. The price of the daily and Sunday issues together,

EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR

Holidays and all, is $4 per year, or 35 cents per month. Address, the Record Publishing Company, Record Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

STOP! You have run up against a Good Thing.

BattleAx PLUG

The best reason in the world why some things sell so well is because they are good. That is one reason for the great sales of "BATTLE AX."

But good quality is only half the story. The other half is the size of a 5 cent piece. It is as big almost as a 10 cent piece of other and poorer kinds.

Facts are facts. You can buy and see for yourself. Five cents isn't much to invest.

Light ON Advertising.

Experience throws the best light on advertising. Those who have tried it and found out what pays and what doesn't are the ones who write for PRINTER'S INK;— hard-headed business men. That makes every page practical. It is full of hints that you can take up and use to your profit, not only on newspaper advertising, but on everything that actually draws trade.

From 40 to 60 pages every week. $2. a year. Sample copy free.

Mr. Harrington Fitzgerald, managing editor of the Philadelphia *Item*, says: "We never get done learning, and there is always something new, interesting and valuable in every issue of PRINTER'S INK."

Printer's Ink,

10 SPRUCE ST. N Y.

A Suggestion.

It will be an improvement in telephone communication if people will learn how to talk over the 'phone. Hallooing at the top of the voice, is not only an impediment or a creation of confusion of sound, but it is an intolerable nuisance. Some people persist in talking when the 'phone is cracking and frying about equal to the noise of forty frying pans in a commisary kitchen. Some people persist in communicating an order by 'phone, when they of their own knowledge know that one half the words cannot be heard by either party, nevertheless, they expect a business house to take an order and be responsible for filling it correctly. There is certainly room for reform in the telephone business and the sooner those who talk on the 'phone learn how it should be done, and when they can send a message correctly, and receive it correctly, the better it will facilitate business transacted by 'phone. It would help the matter very much, if more than half the messages sent by 'phone were sent by Postal Card through the mails. Too many people who transmit their messages by 'phone require the receiver to get it correctly whether it is sent correctly or not. If mistakes are made in filling orders, the sender of these 'phone messages want the receiver to be responsible for all the mistakes and stand any loss that may occur, whether the sender of the message has performed his part correctly or not. The time has come for an eformation. The first thing to be done is to teach people how to talk on the phone. Some people think the louder they talk, the better they send the message. Loud talk jars the 'phone and confuses the receiver. We suggest, that it will improve telephoning, if the telephone people will open a school of instructions and teach their patrons, as well as those who are not their patrons, how to talk on the 'phone, and not take up the time of business houses by hallooing at the top of their voice, which only coufuses the sound as well as demoralizes the wires from performing their part correctly from which neither party receives any benefit. Time is precious in these days with many people who have not the time to spare in listening to those who do not know how to talk on the 'phone.

The State Fair.

The Pennsylvania State Fair will be held this year at Johnstown, Sept. 7 to 12 inclusive. All arrangements have been made, and everything indicates one of the most successful Fairs that the Association has held in many years. The premium lists aggregate $18,000 in cash, with numbers of special valuable prizes additional, while the speed ring comprises $5,000 in purses, and some of the most noted turf celebrities of the country will be among the contestants. The committee on invitation announces the following distinguished visitors who will be present: President Cleveland, Maj. McKinley W. Jennings Bryan, and Governor Hastings and staff. The fair will be held on the grounds of the Tri-Coun Driving Park and Agricultural Association at Roxbury, a Suburb of Johnstown, which has been enlarged and improved specially for this occasion. N. F. Thompson, the secretary of the Johnstown Board of Trade, has been selected as general manager of the Fair, and to whom all inquiries should be addressed. Reduced rates on all railroads and ample hotel accommodations for all visitors.

—W. E. Benscoter of Altoona representing the Central School Supply House of Chicago is at present in Bellefonte introducing his great Relief maps. He has already placed a set of his maps for each of the public school buildings and negotiations are under way to place a set at the Academy. The Relief maps are undoubtedly the finest we have ever seen and the School Directors certainly acted wisely in securing them Mr. Benscoter is a very genial young man and thoroughly understands his business.

William McKinley.

Agents wanted to sell the life and speeches of McKinley, with proceedings of St. Louis Convention, Platform of party and other valuable information. 820 pages, with twenty full page illustrations. Price, cloth, $1.00; half morocco, $1.50. SIXTY PER CENT DISCOUNT TO AGENTS. Send 30 cents for prospectus and full particulars, and go to work at once. You can sell 200 copies in your town. Address J. S Ogillie Publishing Company, 57 Rose St., New York. jne24-8t

An Irwin Man in Trouble.

Irwin, Pa., July 24.—Jacob King, a well known glassworker of this place was arrested this morning charged by his wife's sister, Mrs. John Smith, with criminal assault. At the hearing he was placed under $800 bail.

THIS WEEK'S TRADE REVIEW

What Bradstreet Says About The Affairs of Our Country.

TRADE IS NOT VERY SATISFACTORY

Unfavorable Crop Reports and Drouth in Certain Sections Makes Speculators Rather Shy—Failures for the Past Six Days.

New York, July 24.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say: Telegraphic and mail advices from commercial and industrial centres indicate a more unsatisfactory state of trade. There is no outlook favoring an early revival of trade while the volume of sales continues light and prices low with a further restriction of credits. The general money market is dull, due not only to caution on the part of banks in discounting but a falling off in demand. Unfavorable crop reports from Nebraska have caused cancellation of some orders, and long continued rains in Tennessee have checked business there. Louisiana reports the new rice crop short. Relatively favorably advices are from Baltimore where orders in general lines are fairly satisfactory and the volume of business is larger than in the like portion of 1895, and from Galveston where the situation promises improvement.

The industrial situation is somewhat more depressed particularly in iron and steel, prices for the most varieties of which notably southern pig iron, are shaded. The encouraging feature in iron and steel is the extent of which stacks have been blown out. There is an increase in the number of striking employes in several lines, but the new scale of wages asked by the iron and steel workers has been largely acceded to. Production is materially curtailed among manufacturers of woolens and cotton. Shoe factories are busy, mostly on old orders.

Bank clearings throughout the United States aggregate $989,000,000 this week, about 5 per cent. more than last week and 7 per cent. more than in the corresponding week one year ago. Business failures for the week number 280 throughout the United States against 255 last week and 289 in the week a year ago.

The disorganizing tendencies of the New York stock market have been checked by the action of the New York banks in turning over gold to the treasury in exchange for legal tenders. Prices of securities after breaking to a level in some cases below the prices of the panic of 1893 have recovered on short coverings. The speculative market is feverish and irregular.

Swindling Wash Women.

A sharper, giving his name as R. Rouchant, of Pittsburg has been in Altoona for the past week fleecing the poor wash women. He visits their homes and offers for sale an ironing machine, claiming that the machine is worth $20. He carries no sample of the machine. He promises that if one is purchased he will agree to furnish $20 worth of work to enable the purchaser in a short time to pay for it, providing she makes a small deposit of $2 or $3. If he succeeds in getting the lady to make a deposit, he takes her name and address giving his in return, and promising to deliver the machine in a few days. Several women called at the Brant House, where Rouchant says he stopped, looking for him, but on being informed that no such a man had stopped at the hotel, came to the conclusion that they had been swindled by a sharper.

To Offer a Reward of 100 Dollars

for a case of catarrh that cannot be cured, creates the suspicion that the article so advertised is a humbug. Do you know of any such reward being paid? Ely Bros. do not promise rewards in order to sell their well—known "Cream Balm." They offer the most effective medicants, prepared in convenient form to use, and at the lowest possible price 50 cents per bottle. An honest and effective remedy, which is absolutely free from mercurials or other harmful drugs

Found With His Skull Crushed

Huntingdon, Pa., July 24.—The dead body of an unknown man was found at Warrior Ridge, four miles from here, by Mrs. Jason Long, while picking berries. The head was crushed as though struck by some blunt instrument, and other marks lead the authorities to believe that the man was murdered.

Newton Hamilton Camp Meeting.

The Juniata Valley Camp Meeting Association will hold its Twenty-fifth annual meeting at Newton Hamilton camp August 11-21. The grounds will be open for occupancy on August 1 for those who desire to tent during the two weeks' religious work. The religious exercises will be in charge of Rev. A. R. Lambert of Harrisburg, and the revival services will be conducted by Rev. Leonard Weaver, the noted Canadian Evangelist. The revival services will be made a special feature of the camp meeting this year.

The Children's meetings will be held at 3 o'clock each afternoon and will be in charge of Rev. W. Perry Eveland, of the Central Pennsylvania Conference, stationed at Trinity, Danville. The Young People's meetings will be held each evening at 6 o'clock and will be in charge of Rev. F. W. Curry of Williamsport. Epworth League Day will be observed on Wednesday, August 19. The meeting will begin with a sunrise experience meeting, continuing throughout the day. The meeting will be in the hands of Rev. G. Murray Klepfer of Catawissa, Pa., president of the Conference Epworth League. Many prominent speakers have been selected and arrangements made for a Grand Epworth League Rally on this day.

Grand Army Day will occur on Thursday, August 20. Prominent G. A. R. men will be present to address the soldiers. Friday, August 14, will be devoted to the Women's Home and Foreign Missionary Societies. The Women's Home Missions will occupy the forenoon and the Foreign Missions the afternoon. The services on Sunday, August 16, will begin with a Consecration Service in charge of Evangelist Weaver at 8 o'clock a. m. Preaching at 10 a. m., also at 3 and 7.30 p. m

Tuesday, August 18, will be Communion Day. Love Feast at 8 o'clock led by Evangelist Weaver. Preaching at 10 a. m., followed by the Lord's Supper. Prof. J. M. Black of Williamsport will have charge of the singing of the entire camp. Among the prominent divines that will be present are Dr. G. D. Pennepacker, Central Pennsylvania Conference; President E. J. Gray of Dickinson Seminary; Dr Thompson, Pittsburg, Pa.; Dr. Elliott, Spring Garden, Philadelphia, Pa.; Dr. Job Price, Martinsburg, W. Va.; B. F. Dimmick, Harrisburg, Pa; L. A. Banks, Brooklyn, and others.

As has been customary heretofore baggage will be carried to the grounds on August 10 and 11 and returned August 21, by the P. R. R., free of charge.

Excursion tickets will be sold to this meeting on the Pennsylvania railroad and branches.

The train known as the Huntingdon and Newton Hamilton Accommodation will also run between those two points, leaving Huntingdon at 10.10 a. m., 3.15 and 6.20 p. m, and returning will leave Newton Hamilton at 12.00 m., 7.00 and 9.50 p. m.

Harriet Beecher Stowe's Estate.

The inventory of the estate of the late Harriet Beecher Stowe shows that she did not receive as much money as many might suppose from "Uncle Tom's Cabin." The total value is $42,353.95, including a $10,000 house on Forest street, Hartford Conn. several blocks of Western railroad stock and $8,750 due from a publishing firm. The English copyrights and her Florida plantations are not put down as worth any definite sum. Her personal belongings are put down at $1,000.

—Most of the Bellefonters who were attending the Lewistown encampment have returned home. They all speak in glowing terms of their treatment at the hands of Company B

WITH THE LOGANS.

A Grand Time in Store for All at Hecla Park Next Week.

There is a grand time in store for everybody who attends the Logan picnic at Hecla Park on Thursday, July 30th. It will be a big day in Centre county and thousands of people are expected to be present and help the Logans celebrate their fifth annual picnic.

There will be all sorts of sporting events to make it interesting for the visitors. Leo Stevens will make a grand balloon ascension, which alone will be worth going many miles to see. There will be races of all kinds and in fact everything that one would care to see. There will be plenty to eat and no one need go away hungry. The committee on arrangements is working night and day to make the picnic a big success and that everybody will be pleased goes without saying.

Prohibition Rally.

Quite an enthusiastic rally of the Prohibitionists of this city was held at the Court House Diamond on Thursday evening. W. R. Irvin of Williamsport was the speaker of the evening and addressed his hearers for almost an hour and a half. Editor Bailey introduced the speaker in a brief but well worded talk. There were about two hundred auditors present, among whom were a number of ladies. Mr. Irvin convinced his hearers of his earnestness and made a few converts. Some of his views, however, were not directly in accord with those of the Prohibitionists of Bellefonte and in that there were some who were slightly disappointed.

The rally was a success inasmuch as it attracted a crowd of people who, it is to be hoped, were much benefitted by the speaker's remarks.

$200.00 in Gold Given.

The international news and book co., of Baltimore, Md., offer $200.00 to any agent who will sell in three months 225 copies of their book, "Campaign and issues of '96. A full, graphic and complete account of the Campaign,— all sides given Beautifully illustrated. Biographies of the leading men in each party. The book of all others to sell now. Freight paid and credit given. Outfit for 15 cents. Write them immediately. A gold watch given in addition to commisions for selling 70 copies in thirty days. Agents also for other books and Bibles.

Great Oaks from Little Acorns Grew

Is a line from the trite old verse we used recite in our school boy days. It is to forcible application to those small ailments which we are apt to disregard until they reach formidable proportions. A fit of indigestion, a slight attack of constipation, it is assumed will soon pass off, but is very apt to get worse, and in the meantime is neglected until the ailment becomes chronic, and then if not entirely eradicated, is a constant annoyance and menance of worse consequences, for diseases, recollect beget one another. How much wiser to resort to a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters at the outset of the malady than to temporize with it at the start, or treat it with violent remedies in its maturity. Be on time with disease, or it may floor you. Malarious, rheumatic and kidney complaints, dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness and nervousness are all disorders of rapid growth, and should be nipped in the bud by a timely resort to the bitters.

The Review of Reviews for July devotes a ten page article to suggestions for summer reading with a number of portraits of the popular authors of the season.

Foster's Forecast of the Weather.

My last bulletin gave forecasts of the storm wave to cross the continent from the 18th to 22nd, and the next will reach the Pacific coast about the 23rd, cross the West of Rockies country by the close of the 24th, great central valleys 25th to 27, eastern states 28th. Warm wave will cross the west of Rockies country about 23rd, great central valleys about 25th, eastern states 27th. Cool wave will cross the west of Rockies country about 27th, great central valleys 28th, eastern states 30th. Temperature for the week, 18th to 24th inclusive, will average close to normal in the great central valleys and probably below in the eastern states. My next bulletin will contain general forecasts for August. The weather of that month will largely determine what the corn crop will be, and is therefore, of very considerable interest.

A Change from Last Year.

The many rainy days of this summer are in marked contrast to the long dry spell of last season. Last year at this time farmers were complaining about scarcity of water in running streams. This season no such complaints are heard, the frequent rains having kept the creeks and runs well supplied with water.

—The Methodists of Warriorsmark are making extensive improvements to their church property.

The Cyclist's Necessity.

POND'S EXTRACT

WILL CURE CUTS, BURNS, BRUISES, WOUNDS, SPRAINS, SUNBURN, CHAFINGS, INSECT BITES, ALL PAIN, AND INFLAMMATIONS.

USED INTERNALLY AND EXTERNALLY.

GENUINE IN OUR BOTTLES ONLY, BUFF WRAPPERS, SEE OUR NAME, POND'S EXTRACT CO., NEW YORK, 76 FIFTH AVENUE.

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Sent by mail on receipt of 50 cts.

For the whole family

Lively Liver, Pure Blood, Beautiful Complexion, Perfect Health in

Cascarets

TRADE MARK

CANDY CATHARTIC CURE CONSTIPATION

NEVER GRIPE 10c NEVER SICKEN NEVER WEAKEN. 25c

Purely vegetable, eat like candy, never fail to induce a natural action of the stomach, liver and bowels. Absolutely guaranteed to cure constipation or your money refunded. 10, 25 or 50c. All druggists. Sample and book free. Address THE STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO OR NEW YORK.

NO-TO-BAC CUARANTEED TOBACCO HABIT CURE

NO-TO-BAC

Over 1,000,000 boxes sold. 300,000 cures prove its power to destroy the desire for tobacco in any form. No-to-bac is the greatest nerve-food in the world. Many gain 10 pounds in 10 days and it never fails to make the weak impotent man strong, vigorous and magnetic. Just try a box. You will be delighted. We expect you to believe what we say, for a cure is absolutely guaranteed by druggists everywhere. Send for our booklet "Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away," written guarantee and free sample. Address THE STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago or New York.

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY YOUR OWN DRUGGIST

BEECH CREEK RAILROAD.

New York Central & Hudson River R. R. Co., Lessee.

Condensed Time-Table.

Read Up.	In effect May. 17th, 1896.	Read Down
Exp No.37	Mail. No.33	Exp. No.39	Mail. No.35
p.m	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
	1 55 Arr PATTON Lve		†3 30
	1 34 Westover		3 52
9 25	1 10 Ar. MAHAFFEY Lv.	†9 00	4 15
9 00	12 35 Lv. Kerrmoor Ar	5 25	4 42
8 50	12 25 GAZZAM	5 35	4 52
8 43	12 18 Ar. Kerrmoor Lv.	5 42	4 58
8 38	12 13 New Millport	5 45	5 03
8 32	12 07 Olanta	5 52	5 09
8 25	12 00 Mitchells	5 58	5 15
8 05	11 40 Lv Clearfield Junc Arr	6 15	5 34
7 55	11 31 CLEARFIELD	6 25	‡5 45 †6 10
7 45	11 21 Arr Clearfield Junc Lv	6 35	6 19
7 37	11 12 Woodland	6 45	6 29
7 31	11 05 Bigler	6 52	6 34
7 23	10 58 Wallaceton	6 57	6 40
7 15	10 50 Morrisdale Mines	7 06	6 48
7 07	10 41 Lv Munson Ar	7 15	6 57
6 35	10 16 Lv	PHILIPSBURG	Ar.	7 40	7 27
7 27	11 01 Ar		Lv.	6 55	6 35
7 05	10 36 Ar Munson Lv	7 17	7 00
7 00	10 32 Winburne	7 22	703
6 40	10 12 PEALE	7 40	7 25
6 20	9 50 Gillintown	7 57	7 44
6 13	9 43 SNOW SHOE	8 04	7 52
5 18	8 48 BEECH CREEK	8 48	8 42
5 05	8 33 Mill Hall	9 01	8 55
4 58	8 25 LOCK HAVEN	9 07	8 58
4 47	8 15 Youngdale	9 16	9 07
4 35	8 00 JERSEY SHORE Junc.	9 29	9 18
4 30	7 55 JERSEY SHORE	9 30	9 20
†4 00	†7 25 Lv WILLIAMSPORT Ar	10 05	9 55
p.m.	a.m	a.m.	p.m.
p.m.	a.m. (PHILA. & READING R.R.)	a.m.	p.m.
*2 40	*6 55 Ar WILLIAMSPORT Lv	*10 20	*11 30
*8 35	*11 30 Lv PHILADELPHIA Ar	5 08	7 10
†4 30	Lv NEW YORK via Taing. Ar	6 09	
	‡7 30 Lv NEW YORK via Phila. Ar	7 25	‡9 30
a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.

* Daily. † Week-days. ‡ 6 00 p.m. Sunday. ‡ 10 55 a.m. Sunday.

CONNECTIONS.—AT WILLIAMSPORT with Philadelphia & Reading R. R. AT JERSEY SHORE Junc. with Fall Brook Railway. AT MILL HALL with Central R.R. of Pa. AT PHILIPSBURG with Pennsylvania Railroad. AT CLEARFIELD with Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg Railway. AT MAHAFFEY and PATTON with Cambria & Clearfield Division of Pennsylvania Railroad. AT MAHAFFEY with Pennsylvania & Northwestern Railroad.

A. G. PALMER, Superintendent. F. E. HERRIMAN, Genl Pas. Agent, Philadelphia, Pa

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Condensed Time Table.

Read Down.	Nov. 18, 1895.	Read Up.
No.5	No.3	No.1		No.2	No.4	No.6
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	Lv. Ar.	a.m	p.m.	p.m.
*7 30†	3 45	*7 20	Bellefonte	10 10	6 10	10 04
7 44	3 57	7 34	Nigh	9 56	5 57	9 49
7 50	4 03	7 41	Zion	9 50	5 51	9 43
7 55	4 08	7 46	Hecla Park	9 45	5 46	9 38
7 57	4 10	7 48	Dunkles	9 43	5 44	9 36
8 01	4 14	7 52	Hublersburg	9 39	5 40	9 32
8 05	4 18	7 56	Snydertown	9 35	5 37	9 28
8 07	4 20	7 58	Nittany	9 33	5 35	9 25
8 09	4 22	8 00	Huston	9 31	5 33	9 23
8 11	4 24	8 02	Lamar	9 29	5 31	9 21
8 13	4 26	8 04	Clintondale	9 26	5 29	9 19
8 19	4 31	8 09	Krider's S'n'g	9 21	5 24	9 14
8 25	4 37	8 16	Mackeyville	9 15	5 18	9 08
8 32	4 43	8 23	Cedar Springs	9 09	5 12	9 01
8 34	4 45	8 25	Salona	9 07	5 11	8 59
8 40	4 50	8 30	Mill Hall	*9 01†	5 05	*8 53
p.m	p.m.	a.m.	Ar.	Lv.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
9 30	9 20		Jersey Shore		4 30	7 55
10 05	9 55	Arr	WM'PORT	Lve	4 05	*7 25
†10 20	†11 30	Lve		Arr	2 40	*6 55
5 08	7 10		PHILA		*8 35	*11 30
6 45			Atlantic City			
			NEW YORK (Via Tamaqua)		†4 30	
7 25	†9 30		NEW YORK (Via Phila)			*7 30
p. m.	a. m.		Ar.	Lv.	a. m	p. m.

*Daily, † Week Days, ‡ 6 00 p. m. Sunday ‡ 10 10 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Car attached to East bound train from Williamsport at 11.30 p m and west-bound from Philadelphia at 11 30 p. m.

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent.

Eagles Mere Railroad.

JUNE 15, 1896.

NORTHWARD						SOUTHWARD			
Eagles Mere Express.	Eagles Mere Flyer.	Eagles Mere Mail	Chautauqua Express	Stations	New York Express	Williamsport Accom'on	Philadelphia Flyer	Night Line
A.M	A.M	A.M	P.M	LV. AR.	P.M	P.M	P.M	A.M
910				N.Y.Lby.St.	600			930
1008	855		1130	Phila	508		1012	710
1155	1008			Reading	310		820	500
117	1113			Tamaqua	149		700	310
203	1147			Mah. City	124		637	247
319	1250	805		Shamokin	214		527	135
354	121	850		Sunbury	1138		442	1252
409	135	940		Milton	1125		437	1236
413	138	901	A.M.	Lewisburg	1122		435	1235
430		1029	742	Williamsport	1011	240	525	1039
510	225	1043	805	Halls	948	200	345	1000
525	237	1100	820	Hughesville	934	144	331	955
541	248	115	834	Chamouni	920	130	316	941
612	3.0	1146	910	Sonestown	854	100	250	910
616	225	1158	915	Windeck	845	1055		
631	341	1209	931	Geyelin P'k	829	1039	225	8 29
639	349	1217	939	Keewahdin	821	1031	218	821
650	400	1228	950	Shanersburg	810	1020	208	
				Castle Rock	806	1016	205	
709	410	1238	1000	Eagl's Mere	800	1010	200	800
P.M	P.M	A.M	M	AR.	LV.	A.M	A.M	P.M	P.M
	P.M		A.M	LV. AR.	A.M		P.M		
	415		1010	Earl's Mere	1000		410		
	511		1146	Sonestown	854		250		
	620		1253	Satterfield	755		145		
	705		330	Towanda	645		1030		
	810		412	Sayre	610		1000		
			520	Ithaca			830		
			640	Geneva			700		
			830	Wil's Barre			640		
			P.M	AR.	LV.		A.M		

C. W. WOODROP, President. B.H. WELCH, Gen. Manager.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.—

Time table to take effect Monday, May 25th, 1896. Trains will run as follows, leaving the Pennsylvania Railroad station.

Trains moving east. Trains moving west

Read Down.				Stations.	Read Up.		
1	#7	#9			#2	#7	#12
7 00	a m	a m			a m	p m	a m
4 21	8 30	6 30		Bellefonte	8 45	1 10	6 30
4 26	8 37	6 37		Coleville	8 40	1 02	6 20
4 32	8 42	6 40		f Morris	8 37	12 58	6 15
4 53	10 47	6 44		f Whitmer	8 35	12 54	6 10
4 38	10 53	6 50		Hunter Park	8 31	12 49	6 05
4 42	10 58	7 53		Fillmore	8 28	12 46	6 02
4 47	11 02	7 00		f Briarly	8 25	12 41	5 57
4 52	11 05	7 05		Waddles	8 20	12 37	5 53
4 54	11 08	7 08		f Scotia Cros'ng	8 18	12 35	5 50
5 03	11 20	7 17		f Krumrine	8 07	12 26	5 36
5 06	11 24	7 20		f Strubles	8 04	12 24	5 33
5 08	11 28	7 28		Inn	8 02	12 22	5 31
5 10	11 30	7 30		State College	8 00	12 20	5 30

"f" stops on flag. ‡ Daily except Sunday

F. H. THOMAS, Supt

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

P.m.	P.m.	a.m.		STATIONS.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
6 30	4 25	8 45		ALLENTOWN	11	7	3
6 00	4 00	8 15		HARRISBURG	11 30	7 35	3 35
5 35	3 35	7 50		LEBANON	12 05	8 10	4 10
5 05	3 05	7 20		LANCASTER	12 35	8 40	4 40
4 45	2 45	7 00		PHILADELPHIA (NORTH BROAD STREET)	1 00	9 05	5 05
4 15	2 15	6 30		PHILADELPHIA (MARKET STREET)	1 30	9 35	5 35
4 00	2 00	6 15		READING	1 45	9 50	5 50
3 30	1 30	5 45		POTTSVILLE	2 15	10 20	6 20
2 58	1 00	5 15		TAMAQUA	2 45	10 50	6 50
2 40	12 45	5 00		SHENANDOAH	3 00	11 05	7 05
2 18	12 25	4 40		MAHANOY	3 20	11 25	7 25
2 00	12 10	4 25		SHAMOKIN	3 40	11 45	7 45
1 50	12 00	4 15		SUNBURY	3 50	11 55	7 55
1 30	11 40	3 55		MILTON	4 10	12 15	8 15
1 15	11 25	3 40		LEWISBURG	4 25	12 30	8 30
1 00	11 10	3 25		SUNBURY	4 40	12 45	8 45
12 45	10 55	3 10		SHAMOKIN	4 55	1 00	9 00
12 30	10 40	2 55		MAHANOY	5 10	1 15	9 15
12 15	10 25	2 40		TAMAQUA	5 25	1 30	9 30
11 55	10 05	2 20		POTTSVILLE	5 45	1 50	9 50
11 40	9 50	2 05		READING	6 00	2 05	10 05
11 00	9 10	1 25		PHILADELPHIA (MARKET STREET)	6 40	2 45	10 45
10 30	8 40	12 55		PHILADELPHIA (NORTH BROAD STREET)	7 10	3 15	11 15
10 00	8 10	12 25		LANCASTER	7 40	3 45	11 45
9 30	7 40	11 55		LEBANON	8 05	4 10	12 10
8 55	7 05	11 20		HARRISBURG	8 40	4 45	12 45
8 30	6 40	10 55		ALLENTOWN	9 05	5 10	1 10
P.m.	P.m.	a.m.		STATIONS.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.

W. H. MUSSER, General Agent UNION CENTRAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Notary Public and Pension Attorney. Office with Clement Dale, Crider's Block, Room No. 2. BELLEFONTE, PA. 11 6 1y

PREPARATIONS FOR

The Great .....Battle

Of November 3rd are already under way. A new

President of the United States

IS to be elected, and the

New York Weeky Tribune

will, as always, be found in the thickest of the fight, battling vigorously for sound business principles, which will bring prosperity to the nation.

The New York Weekly Tribune is not only the leading Republican paper of the country but is pre-eminently a national family newspaper.

Its campaign news and discussions will interest every American citizen.

All the news of the day, Foreign Correspondence, Agricultural Department Market Reports, Short Stories complete in each number, Comic Pictures, Fashion Plates with elaborate descriptions, and a variety of items of household interest, make up an ideal family paper.

We furnish "The Republican" and "New York Weekly Tribune" (both papers

One Year for Only $1.50, Cash in Advance

Address all orders to THE REPUBLICAN

Sample copies of New York Weekly and Republican furnished on application.

Bellefonte Republican.

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.50 per annum.

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type)	$ 5	$ 8	12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	50
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

The National Ticket.

For President.
WILLIAM McKINLEY,
of Ohio.
For Vice President,
GARRETT A. HOBERT,
Of New Jersey.

State Ticket.

CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE
GALUSHA A. GROW.
of Susquehanna,
SAMUEL A. DAVENPORT,
of Erie.
ELECTORS-AT-LARGE.
JOSEPH WHARTON,
Philadelphia,
ALEXANDER E. PATTON,
arfield,
WILLIAM WITHEROW,
Allegheny
ETER ... KIMBERLY,
Mercer.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS
WILLIAM C. ARNOLD.
Of Clearfield County.
FOR ASSEMBLY.
E. R. CURTIN.
P. E. WOLMESDORFF.
FOR SHERIFF.
A. V. MILLER.
FOR TREASURER,
HARRISON KLINE.
FOR REGISTER.
J. E. RICKARD,
FOR RECORDER.
G. W. FISHER.
FOR COMMISSIONERS.
M. F. RIDDLE.
T. W. FISHER,
FOR AUDITOR.
G. G. FINK.
J. D. WAGNER.
FOR COUNTY SURVEYER.
JESSE CLEAVER.
FOR CORONER
DR. M. J. LOCKE.

EDITORIAL.

VOTE for the Union.

Now is the time to place patriotism above party.

To sound money Democrats one thing is too evident for question; if they would save the country from financial ruin they must first of all make sure, if possible, that the power of the government is not seized upon by the crazy Populists and anarchists that controlled the late Chicago convention.

THE Chicago platform is composed of false pretenses. They were framed for the purpose of drawing the attention of the reader away from the dangerous and revolutionary methods and doctrine therein advocated, and no Democrat or Republican who holds honesty and honor in high esteem, no business man who desires to prosper and has the prosperity of the country at heart can support it.

THE Hon. Joe Sibley, of Pennsylvania, "found it absolutely impossible to get to St. Louis" and the Hon. Jonah Jeremiah Mott's silver convention, but sent his best wishes, an easy contribution to make. Since Mr. Sibley escaped from Chicago without having the nomination for vice president thrust upon him, he has made it a rule to keep away from conventions. Writing letters from Pennsylvania is safer and cheaper.

THE Republican party is not fighting Democracy in this canvass. There is no Democracy in the Chicago platform except its opening declarations that are immediately defined by the specific measures that it pledges the party to. The platform was made to suit the Populists and it is an expression of Populist opinions except where it is the work of Altgeld, and at those points it declares for that anarchy [illegible]

There is no mystery about

Sunlight Soap

it is simply a clear, pure, honest soap for laundry and household use, made by the most approved processes, and being the best, it has the largest sale in the world. It is made in a twin bar for convenience sake.
This shows

The Twin Bar

Use will reveal

The Twin Benefits:

Less labor
Greater comfort

Lever Bros., Ltd.,
Hudson & Harrison Sts., New York.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From Our Regular Correspondent)

Washington, D. C. July 27th 1896.

Republicans generally regard the proposition of the gold democrats, that the republicans drop the tariff as an issue, as a bait to secure the votes of the gold democrats for McKinley and Hobart, as about the most astounding exhibition of political gall ever witnessed in this country. The cornerstone of the republican party is its belief in a protective tariff, and as soon as it has the power it will restore the prosperity of the country to what it was under wise republican government in the past. It is perfectly true as claimed by the old democrats, that a sound issue of this campaign, but it was democratic tariff-tinkering and the general incapacity of these same gold democrats, in the person of Mr. Cleveland and his administration, which made it an issue. Believing this, that a protective tariff will bring back prosperous times and remove the causes which have made the question of a sound currency come to the front, the republicans could not for a moment even consider such a proposition as the abandonment of the advocacy of a protective tarriff. If gold democrats wish to support McKinley and Hobart, as one of the best platforms ever adopted by a National convention, well and good and if they do not, also well and good. The republicans can win without their votes, and have no inducements of any kind to offer them. The only advantage to be had from their votes will be to add to the republican majority, and consequently to the force of the rebuke which the country will give to the men who dared to make a presidential campaign on such a campaign as that adopted at Chicago and practically readopted by the populist convention.

According to Mr. James McDowell a member of the Republican State Central Committee, of S. Dakota, and representative Pickler of the same state, both of whom are now in Washington, the bolting of senator Pettigrew is not indorsed by a sufficient number of republicans to put the state in the doubtful column. The congressional committee has received quite a number of letters from democrats announcing their intention to vote for McKinley and Hobart. The following from a Virginia farmer is a fair sample: "I have always been a moss-back democrat, but I can't stand free silver, populism and anarchy all at one dose, and I believe that McKinley is our only hope for good times again. I was fool enough to advocate free trade, but have come to the conclusion that if the farmer is to get good prices there must be mouths to fill; and without money to buy with, the mouths must go empty, while plenty of work alone will give the money."

Senator Proctor, of Vt., paid a flying visit to Washington in connection with National Committee business. As it would have been an obvious waste of words to have asked him how things political were in his own state, which has never since the republican party organized voted any other way, he was asked what he thought of the general outlook. He replied in an aggravated Yankee drawl which he used upon occasion: "Well, I don't believe that the American people are entirely crazy yet, so I feel pretty safe as to results."

There is a rumor in Washington that somebody has got in ahead of the Bryan managers and engaged Madison Square Garden in New York City, in order to prevent the holding of the Bryan notification meeting there next month. The rumor may or may not be true, but it can be set down as certain, if it be true, that no republican money is being put up for any such foolish purpose. The republicans would not care if Mr. Bryan made a speech in New York city every night between now and election day, because they know that nothing he can say there or elsewhere will prevent the election of McKinley and Hobart.

It will be a long time before the country has such another exhibition of political freaks as the populist convention was. The disgust aroused by reading the proceedings of that convention will, of itself make thousands of republican votes among intelligent men who have heretofore been democrats. The action of that convention in nominating Bryan and Watson instead of Bryan and Sewall, as the little side show at St. Louis did, may fool some of the more ignorant populists, but it will fool no body else. If any populist electors are elected next November they will cast their votes in the electoral college for Bryan and Sewall. Tom Watson is merely a dummy, who was put up to scare the Bryan managers into acceding to the demands of the populist leaders; the scheme worked, too, and written promises were carried away from St. Louis in the inside pockets of some of the populists.

Philadelphia and Reading Statement.

Philadelphia, July 27.—The statement of the Philadelphia and Reading company for June, 1896, shows gross traffic receipts $1,734,990 and receipts from other sources of $84,463. The expenses were $993,101; profit for month, $826,352. From this is deducted payments for equipment, improvement and fixed charges amounting to $837,02[illegible], showing a deficit for the month of $10,672. In June, 1895, there was a surplus of $8,528. For the seven months of the current fiscal year ended June 30, there is a deficit of $1,161,140. For the corresponding period of the last fiscal year the deficit was $642,307.

The statement of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company for June, 1896, shows gross receipts to have been $2,057,589; gross expenses (including improvements), $1,993,120; profit from mining, $64,469. From this is deducted $95,000 for fixed charges, thus showing a deficit of $30,530. The deficit in June, 1895, was $42,651. For the seven months of the current fiscal year ended June 30, the deficit is $1,170,063. For the corresponding period of the last fiscal year the deficit was $1,059,219.

An Exceptional Township.

There is a township in Dauphin county in which there are 254 inhabitants, according to the past census, and 50 voters. In that township there is no minister, no church, no Sunday school, no lawyer, no justice of the peace, no industrial work of any kind, and no place where liquor is sold. There are three grocery stores and one school house. When the people want to attend church they have to cross the river into Perry county and walk to Duncannon. The township is Reed. There has been but one case in the criminal court from that township in the past 25 years. There is not another township like it in the whole United States.

The Latest Charade.

My first if he would fain succeed,
Must give and keep me whole;
My second's remedies have saved
The life of many a soul;
My third is what my whole will be,
Tho' ages o'ver us roll;
My fourth my first won't need too fill
If you will take my whole.

The answer is one of the best remedies for female troubles ever known. For periodical pains, excess flowing, prolapsus, bearing down, inflammation, nervous headaches, and all diseases resulting from "female weakness." There is nothing so good as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. The only remedy so certain in results that it gives satisfaction to all who try it.

Woman and Finance.

The National American Woman's Suffrage Association placed in operation last year a three year's Course of Study in Political Science. Clubs engaged in the Study of Course have been founded in nearly every State and Territory. In an announcement of the work, the committee says:—

The second year's Course of Study deals with the two great problems of Finance and the tariff concerning which the Presidential Campaign of 1896 is to be the waged and won. The Course of Study is distinctly non-partisan in its character. It espouses no cause, but presents the claim of all sides of the subjects under investigation, in the words of recognized leader and authorities. It has been said these questions are purely commercial and do not concern women; that they bear no direct relation to the home and its interest. No statement can be farther from the truth. Nearly every article which enters the household for use in daily life is influenced in price by the tariff. The profits of the manufacturer and the wages of the day laborer are controlled largely by the tariff, and, in consequence the privation or the comfort of the home depends upon it. One side of this great discussion contends for "High Tariff for Protection to Home Industries;" the other for "Low Tariff for Revenue only." Each party claims for its sides the low prices, the high wages and the comfortable homes. American men and women must decide which claim is true. Again upon the standard of our monetary values depend wages, income, the safety of business enterprises and investments. Shall we maintain the present gold standard; or shall we go back to the double standard of former years through the free coinage of silver? These are questions which must be answered in the coming Presidential election. Each side declares if the other wins, disaster, panics and hard times will result. Hard times not only rob the home of its comfort, but they breed tramps, thieves, suicides, murders, and all kinds of evil. They drive men to penitentiaries, women to houses of prostitution and children to reform schools. Their influence extends to the romotest corner of our country and effects the life of the most insignificant individual.

How necessary, then, is it for all classes to study carefully these problems *this year*. For business men, farmers, housewives, wage earners of both sexes; for all intelligent men and women, a knowledge of these things is imperative. The times demand impartial, thorough, immediate study of these questions. The duty to investigate and to *know* devolves upon every man and woman. The National American Woman Suffrage Association through its Department of Study in Political Science offers an easy opportunity to supply this need. The plan of study is so simple and so well adjusted to the requirements of persons unaccustomed to systematic study, that the most timid may undertake it with perfect assurance of finding the work interesting and easy. On the other hand enough collateral reading of high order is recommended to satisfy the needs of the most scholarly and exacting.

We urge men and woman, interested in an honest investigation of these subjects, to form clubs for the purpose of study. A Prospectus, giving all details, may be had free upon application to Carrie Chapman Catt, 106 World Building, New York.

Struck by Lightning.

During the violent rain and wind storm on Monday, a bolt of lighting struck a chimney on the Mechanical Art Building at State College. A small water shed which adjoined the building was also damaged slightly by the shock. The loss will amount to about $200. Considerable damage was done to the young trees throughout the county. A number of shade trees were broken down by the wind which blew a regular gale for fully half an hour.

Jumped From a Steamer.

Philadelphia, July 26.—While a river excursion steamer was coming up the Delaware this evening a young man jumped overboard and was drowned. A companion said that the suicide was Emmett Hall of Indianapolis, but beyond this the boat's crew did not inquire, and the man disappeared when the steamer's passengers landed here.

Scrofula lurks in the blood of nearly everyone, but Hood's Sarsaparilla drives it from the system and makes pure blood.

Saved His Pocketbook.

Mr. E. Conrad, the veteran editor of that widely known and very popular family journal, the McVeytown *Journal*, was the hero of a thrilling adventure last Thursday, wherein he narrowly escaped having his fat wallet appropriated by a pickpocket. In company with a number of lesser lights he had been to Lewistown taking in the sights of the great military encampment. We understand that he was there all week. On Thursday there was an immense crowd about the station. As the editor was about taking the car for his homeward trip he became distinctly conscious of the fact that a hand was feeling about in his pocket, and that it wasn't his hand, either. Raising the huge umbrella which he carried he brought it down with force upon the head of the owner of the stray hand, inquiring: "What are you doing in my pocket?" The intruder's reply was: "I am only trying to get on the car." "Cooney" sharply rejoined: "Well, you'll never get on that car through my pocket." It was a thrilling episode. —*Altoona Tribune.*

Big Money for Eggs

It is said that there are over a dozen different ways of cooking eggs and the publisher of the Kitchen Journal wishing to obtain for the benefit of their subscribers the greatest variety and style in which eggs can be prepared have taken this method of obtaining them. They will pay $100 in cash to the person sending them the greatest number of different receipts for cooking eggs, and a solid silver watch will be given to each of the ten persons sending them the greatest number of receipts.

Every person knowing anything about cooking should enter the contest. Write the receipts plainly and mark the number sent and enclose the same with twelve two cent stamps for a three months trial subscription to the best culinary Journal published. Address The Kitchen Journa 56 Fifth Ave., Chicago Ill.

New Use for Grapes.

It has been discovered that grapes used with Elecampane Root and the Herb Horehound in proper proportion made into a cordial is performing wonderful cures in stubborn cases of colds, sore throat and hoarseness.

Public speakers claim it far superior for the throat to any confection. It is coming in general use among physicians. Ask for Aunt Rachael's Horehound Cordial. For sale by druggists.

Unionville Items.

We seemed to have been over blessed with storm for the past month with dampness and precipitation from the Heavens. Although much rain has fallen, the streams in this locality have risen very little. On the afternoon of the 28th, a great wind storm accompanied by rain, swept down our valley and laid the corn crop flat in the field and blew down a great deal of unripe fruit.

The wheat crop in this locality was gotten in without much rain, butfarmers are having a struggle to get their oats in. Much of it will soon spoil if the weather does not permit of getting it under shelter.

Wm. P. Fisher is putting an addtion to his already large fruit house in preparation for his promising apple crop.

Wm. Barnes thinking competition is the life of trade has opened a smith shop at the old stand of S. C. Peters.

Miss Ida Underwood of Adams county, is visiting friends here. She formerly lived near this place and since that time has graduated at the Shippensburg High School and is now engaged to teach school at Bucks Co., Pa.

Miss Maud Marshall of Jeannette is visiting friends [illegible]lace.

T. E. Griest's brother Joseph and wife of New Castle are visiting here for their health.

We hear of the army worm doing considerable damage to the crops on Dick's Run and along the pike two miles west of this place.

On Tuesday evening Joseph Brugger took his two horse wagon with hay ladders on, filled it with straw and after loading with young people of the town started in the direction of Julian whose citizens would be very much startled at their coming if they made as much noise with horns there as here.

Our directors have appointed Jackson Harpeter teacher for the upper grade school and Miss Mary Zimmerman of Bellefonte for the second grade and Miss Biddle of Philipsburg for the third grade.

An Almost Forgotten Disaster.

Wilkesbarre, July 27.—Only seventeen men are now at work on each shift in the Twin shaft at Pittston. Of these seven work in the face of the slope removing the rock. The other ten partrol the workings, keeping a sharp lookout for gas and strengthening the timber in the weak places. Very little progress is being made and it is doubtful if the work will be continued much longer.

Lost!

How many women do you know who are struggling along with burdens they were not meant to bear because their husbands have "lost their health?"

A man's health is an easy thing to lose. A little care and the right medicine make it easy to regain lost health. Neglected disease breeds death. Over work, exposure, wrong eating, wrong living generally may engender disease. Symptoms vary, but by far the majority of diseases are marked by a loss of vitality, a wasting of flesh. The lungs and the stomach suffer. Disease-germs enter the system through these two organs.

Recovery means driving out the germs and building up strong, healthy tissues. The medicine that will do it quickest and most thoroughly is the medicine to take. That medicine is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It searches out disease-germs wherever they exist and exterminates them. It is a powerful, invigorating tonic. It promotes digestion, creates appetite, cures biliousness and all liver, kidney and stomach disorders, and so all blood diseases. All medicine dealers.

TWO HORSES KILLED.

A Stroke of Lightning Kills the Animals in an Open Field.

Lightning killed two horses owned by Ricker Bros., the well-known dairyman of Nittany valley, last night. The two with five others were turned into pasture last evening and were in good health. This morning when the men went out for the animals they found the two animals dead. On the forehead of one was a slight mark; no marks could be found on the other horse. The one seemed to have struggled after being struck, while the other must have fallen in his tracks. As both were stiff, it is supposed that that they were struck during the storm that passed over the valley about 1 o'clock this morning. The storm was heavy, the rain falling in torrents, the wind blowing hard and the lightning being very sharp. The owners paid $200 for the one horse and $135 for the other. Both were insured.—Lock Haven *Democrat*.

A Daring Robbery.

New Castle, July 27.—A daring daylight robbery that may result in a muder, occurred this afternoon at Edinburg. Samuel Johnson, William Foby, Thomas Dugan and a man whose name is not known, were coming to this city on a Pittsburg and Western train from Youngstown. At Edinburg one of the men threw Johnson's hat off, and when he jumped off to get it they followed. The train passed on, when Foby and Dugan knocked Johnson down, beat him insensible and robbed him. Two of the men were captured and lodged in jail here this evening. Johnston was taken to the hospital.

Killed By a Trolley Car.

Lancaster, July 27.—Benj. Borowski, a 6 year old child, ran in front of a trolley car on North Queen street, this afternoon, and was struck and almost instantly killed. The child was trying to avoid being run down by a team when he was hit by the car.

Premature

*** Old Age ***

is deplorably prevalent in this nineteenth century. Thousands die annually—young in years, but as completely worn out as though the full allotment of their time had passed over their heads. The man who feels that he is "breaking down," experiences loss of strength, sleep, and appetite, should at once take

Bovinine

that greatest of concentrated food preparations. It is not a medicine, but a builder-up of brain, nerve, and flesh tissue. By its strength-giving properties, and its action as an invigorator of each of the great life-maintaining organs of the body, it stops the decline, and gives to the prematurely broken-down sufferer a new lease of life, wherein poor health is an unnecessary adjunct if its use is continued.

Easy to Take
Easy to Operate

Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. Small in size, tasteless, efficient, thorough. As one man said: "You never know you have taken a pill till it is all over." 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Proprietors, Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills

The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

QUESTION OF A HAUL.

Representatives of Leading Railroads Hold a Conference.

Philadelphia, July 27.—The Ledger to-morrow will say:

The presidents of the several railroads carrying soft coal from the mines to tide water in competition held a lengthy and important conference here yesterday. There were present at the meeting President George B. Roberts and First Vice Presidents Frank Thompson, of the Pennsylvania railroad; President Chauncey M. Depew, of the New York Central railroad President J. K. Cowen, of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad; President F. J. Kimball, of the Norfolk and Western railroad; President M. E. Ingalls, of the Chesapeak and Ohio railroad, and also the general traffic or freight managers of the several roads named. The object of the meeting was to consider a plan for obtaining more remunerative rates of toll on bituminous coal, which, for years past, has barely paid the several companies more than three or four mills per ton per mile for transportation from the mines to tide.

The questing of assisting the mine operators maintaining the price on their product on a stable and profitable basis, we understand, was also incidentally considered. Many of the leading bituminous coal mining companies have for the past two or three years been conducting their collieries without profit, if not an absolute loss. This year by a general arrangement, it was concluded to cease all unnecessary and profitless competition for tonnage, and thus far since April 1, the beginning of the soft coal contract season, better prices have been obtained for coal than for several years past, and an earnest effort is now being made to continue doing so. It is also believed that the question of the recent heavy cutting of freight traffic on several commodities by one or more of the southern lines was not overlooked at today's conference of the presidents.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the NEW GREAT SOUTH KIDNEY CURE.

This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladdar, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passage in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing almost immedeatly. If you want relief and cure this is your remedy

Sold by F. Pots Green Bellefonte.

Shake into Your Shoes.

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c. in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Race Meet at Williamsport.

The first annual race meet of the Williamsport Wheel Club to be held at Athletic Park Saturday, August 1, will be the event of the cycling circles. The prize list is valued and guaranteed at over $500. Flyers from Wilkesbarre, Philadelphia, Scranton, Harrisburg, Reading, Elmira, Ithaca, Binghamton and other places. An illuminated lantern parade will be held Friday night, July 31, and all wheelmen are invited to participate. General admission to the races will be twenty-five cents.

Building Locomotives.

The Baldwin Locomotive works have recently filled some large orders for locomotives for Russian railways, and have shipped during the past week 60 engines and 50 tenders. There are also a number of orders in process of completion, including 25 locomotives for the Lehigh Valley railroad, 20 for the Baltimore and Ohio, and 5 for the Erie railroad.

"Oh! stay, the maiden said, and rest
Thy weary head upon this breast."
"I can't said he, "I must climb the hills,
The summer is past, I now sell pills,
Not the pills of old fashioned make
That caused a dreadful stomache ache—
But wee little things, that you e'en can smile
As they gently remove their enemy—bile
Who use them once, there afterare zealous
In praise of "Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

They regulate the bowels, and cure sick headache, the result of constipation or biliousness without disturbing the diet or occupation of the patient. Sugar-coated—a child can take them.

Only Took One Ballot.

Harrisburg, July 28.—The republican conferees of the Huntingdon Franklin senatorial district met tonight at the Lochiel and after taking one ballot, which resulted three for Brewer and three for Chisolm, adjourned until to-morrow morning.

Burdock Blood Bitters never fails to cure all impurities of the blood, from a common pimple to the worst scrofula sore.

COINAGE CATHECHISM

(Continued from 1st page)

dollar bill—who did not care to use gold? A. His dollar bill would depreciate along with all other government notes. Since it no longer could exchange for a dollar in gold, it would no longer buy what a dollar in gold would buy.

Q. How would such depreciation show itself? A. By an artificial and general rise in prices, without a rise in wages and salaries.

Q. Has this ever actually happened? A. During our civil war, when the gold standard was abandoned, the government paper money depreciated to 50 per cent. of its gold value, the gold premium rose above 100, and there was a frightful advance in prices.

Q. Then would suspension of gold payment on government notes injure all holders of such notes? A. Sooner or later, it would cheat every man with a dollar bill in his pocket.—New York Evening Post.

OUR MOTHERLESS GOVERNMENT.

ELIZABETH BOYNTON HARBERT.

In 1775, Abagail Adams, the "great woman of the Revolution," and pioneer suffragist of America, received from her husband, President John Adams, a letter of sympathy in regard to the death of her mother, in which occurred this remarkable passage:

"Your mother had a clear and pentrating understanding and a profound judgment, as well as an honest, friendly and a charitable heart. There is one thing which you will forgive me if I hint to you however. Let me ask you, rather, if you are not of my opinion? Were not her talents and virtues too much confined to private, social and domestic life? My opinion of the duties of religion and morality comprehends a very extensive connection with society at large, and the great interest of the public. The benevolence, charity, capacity and industry which, exerted in private life, would make a family a parish or a town happy, employed upon a large cale in support of the great principles of virtue and freedom of political regulations, might save whole nations and generations from misery, want and contempt."

In that simple statement is contained the foundation and principles of the woman suffrage movement, i. e., First, the recognition of individual rights, duties and responsibilities; and, Second, that the State is but an aggregation of individuals and homes, and that whatever elements secure peace, purity, justice, love and harmony in the home, will secure the same conditions in the government or the state.

What is the condition of our national home to-day? The opinions of wives, mothers, sisters and daughters upon temperance, morals, education, and an equitable adjustment of labor and capital are not counted, and pitiable conditions ensue.

We are constantly told that one source of trouble is that the supply exceeds the demand. Change the channel of the nine hundred millions now expended annually for liquor, and exchange it for food, clothing, homes and comforts for the now starved, ragged and homeless families of the drunkard, and a new impetus, is given to labor, an immense opportunity created for industry.

When the opinions of women are counted upon education, methods will be speedily devised whereby to every child shall be secured industrial, moral and intellectual training; also opportunity, development, protection and a home; and when the mothers come to the aid of the fathers the fearful conditions now existing will cease, and the world will recognize that this is not the woman question but the human question.

When the votes of women are counted, think you there will be an army of 20 thousand little children at hard laborin any city, or whole districts in which only one child in four is receiving adequate instruction? When the votes of women are counted (and until the opinions of women are counted no vice which appeals peculiarly to the appetities of men can ever be suppressed) the fearful outrages upon women and children will cease, and the barbaric laws upon our statute books will be repealed.

—While we are not certain that it was just exactly hot to-day, but we feel safe in saying it was far from being frosty.

DR. KILMER'S
SWAMP-ROOT
TRADE MARK.
THE GREAT KIDNEY, LIVER AND BLADDER CURE.

Pain in the Back

Joints or hips, sediment in urine like brick-dust frequent calls or retention, rheumatism.

Kidney Complaint

Diabetes, dropsy, scanty or high colored urine.

Urinary Troubles

Stinging sensations when voiding, distress pressure in the parts, urethral irritation, stricture.

Disordered Liver

Bloat or dark circles under the eyes, tongue coated, constipation, yellowish eyeballs.

At Druggists, 50 cents and $1.00 size.

"Invalids' Guide to Health" free—Consultation free. DR. KILMER & Co., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

EVERY-DAY TRIUMPHS.

Every Time, Every Place, Everywhere They Triumph—There's Proof of This in Bellefonte.

Step by step onward. Day by day confidence increases. Success merits reward. Bellefonte people appreciate "a good thing." They praise it when they find it. No praise too great for the little conqueror. The little bad back wonder worker. Backs that ached, ache no more. Strength to weak backs has been restored. It's just the same as if they are lame. The lameness goes because it cannot stay. Bad backs are but bad kidneys. That's why Doan's Kidney Pills cure them. They reach the spot. Easy to prove that this is so. Ask your neighbors.

Ask Mrs. Elizabeth Derr, High street. She will tell you all about her late trouble personally. Here is the gist of her experience: "I am not a young woman by any means and my health is not what it was at one time. For a number of years I have had kidney disease, which has caused an almost constant backache. The least exertion increased the pain. Contracting a cold had the same effect. I am troubled with my nerves and cannot sleep well as a rule, but when you add to it distressing pain in the loins rest at night is an impossibility. It struck me that Doan's Kidney Pills might help me and I went to F. Potts Green, the pharmacist, and got a box. They greatly helped me. The first box made a decided change. The backache has left. I sleep much better and my appetite is slowly returning. I hold Doan's Kidney Pills in high estimation and only hope they may do as much for others as they have done for me.

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Sent by mail on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Fatalities Among Coal Miners.

During 1895 the fatalities in the bituminous and anthracite mines of Pennsylvania aggregated 575, and during 1894 the number of deaths reached 562. Here then, are five hundred and more lives blotted out annually in underground accidents of which the people hear little and think less. It is the way of the miner's life and attracts no attention.

Noah After the Flood!

The first fruit planted by Noah when he left the ark was the grape, the most healthy of all the products of the earth All through the Bible we read of grapes and wine from grapes being reccommended as the first remedy for the ills of life; but it is pure juice wine, not watered and sugared juice that the Bible refers to.

Sugared wines are highly alcoholic and starchy; the sugar making excess of alcohol and other products not belonging to a healthful wine.

Speer of New Jersey, the oldest wine grower in the United States, has studiously avoided water and sugar or any foreign substance whatever, but has his wine fully matured by great age and careful handling.

The National Guard.

Harrisburg July 27.—The official data for the state encampment of last week as filed in the adjutant general's office show that on the 18th inst, 8,606 men were present. During camp three officers and seventy-two privates were ill. None of the sickness, however, was serious. The encampment is regarded as a very satisfactory and successful one.

McKinley Protection and Sound Money Club.

Notice, is hereby given that the above Club will meet on Friday July 31st 1896 at 8 o'clock p. m. in the large room on the third floor of "Bushes Arcade" in Bellefonte.

All persons who have signed the roll are requested to be present at this meeting as very important business will be transacted and the Club officers will be elected.

CLEMENT DALE
Temporary President.

C. E. DORWORTH,
Acting Secretary.

Off for the Summer.

W. L. Daggett, the popular proprietor of the Bush House, moved his family to State College on Saturday, where they will occupy a cottage during the remainder of the summer. Mr. Daggett, however, will spend part of the time at his hotel in this city.

WANTED—Any person having the book entitled "The Industries and Institutions of Centre county" and wishing to sell the same, should call on or address C. E. Dorworth, care the Republican Bellefonte, Pa.

THE "MIDWAY PLAISANCE."

"It is the Finest Entertainment Ever Gotten Up in Bellefonte" was the Opinion of Everybody who Saw it—A Grand Innovation in This City.

After several weeks of much agony and surmising, the doors of the Armory were thrown open to the public on Tuesday evening to enable them to take in the sights of the "Midway Plaisance." So much had been said about it for days back and every lady had her head up against another lady's head and one whispered this and the other whispered that, and then both would shake their heads together, and so it went on every day for several weeks until the people were so badly confused, but nevertheless curious, that by Tuesday evening many of them hardly knew whether they were in their right senses or not.

It was a gala night, and one long to be remembered by all who were fortunate enough to be present. There was not one but who went expecting great things and in this no one was disappointed.

The interior of the spacious Armory was a perfect bower of rarity and beauty. There was something beautiful and entrancing to be seen on every hand and one could not help being carried back to the "Midway" at the World's Fair, so realistic was everything arranged. Almost every nationality was represented in one way or another, and there was so much to be seen that it took the greater part of two hours to wend your way through every department. There was an abundance of music of all descriptions and many were the flattering comments passed on the musicians.

The large crowd kept continually increasing until it seemed as if not another single person could gain entrance to the building; but still they came and, what is more, got in. How they did it we do not know, but we can imagine about how many dainty slippers were trampled upon during the evening.

[illegible] in charge too much praise cannot be given. They got up the entertainment for the benefit of the Y. M. C. A. and certainly deserved the liberal support which crowned their efforts on Tuesday evening. The "Midway" will be given again this evening.

Lancaster Tobacco.

The Lancaster County tobacco crop is growing finely, due to abundant rains and favorable weather. The acreage has been reduced one half and thus should insure higher prices. In addition to this the old crop has been purchased by wealthy dealers who expect large profits through the loss of the Cuban crop through war. In view of these facts the farmer has some hope of better prices next year. But one thing stands in the way, said a dealer to writer, the outcome of the election and the fear of free silver. He said if free silver should triumph in November tobacco would not bring half a cent a pound, because merchant and manufacturer could make no contracts with certainty and the market would fall flat." A complete upset of prices, the delay incident to readjustment and the complete disarrangement of commerce with other countries would effect all things.—Lancaster *Examiner*.

Army Worms at work.

Mr. Austin Confair, of Cedar Springs, Nittany valley, on whose farm the army worm has put in an appearance, was in the city today and reported that the pest is still at work in his field; says the Lock Haven *Express*. The worms commenced work in a field of timothy. There are ten acres in the field, which has the appearance of having been burned. Every stalk of grass is dead and the worms are now at work eating up the roots of the grass. A singular thing about it is that the worms have not appeared on any other farm in the valley nor in any other field on Mr. Confair's farm. The loss to Mr. Confair will be about $100, provided the worms do not attack the other crop on his farm.

When wear begins to exceed repair in your body you are going to fall sick. The signs of it are: loss of flesh, paleness, weakness, nervousness, etc. The repair needed is food. You think you eat enough, and yet you feel that you wear out more tissue energy, nerve force, than your food makes for you. The difficulty is that you do not digest enough. And this is so serious it is worth sitting down seriously to think about. If you can't digest what you eat, take a few doses of Shaker Digestive Cordial. The effect of it will be to increase your flesh and make you feel strong. You won't feel sick. Proof that it is in cotrol of your repair apparatus. It's easy enough to test this for yourself. Take a few bottles of Shaker Digestive Cordial.

Sold by druggist at 10 cents to $1.00 per bottle.

—Don't forget the Logan picnic at Hecla Park on Thursday.

A Great Paper.

Mr. Frank E. Allen, superintendent of the Circulation Dpartment of the Philadelphia *Inquirer* is at present in Bellefonte looking after the interests of that great paper which has made such wonderful strides in the world of journalism during the past six years. Mr. Allen has two assistants with him who will aid him in his work of introducing the *Inquirer* into every home in this city. Mr. Allen is a gentleman of wide experience in his line of business, and it is owing to histshrewd management that the journal he represents has reached its present high position. The *Inquirer* has many friends in this territory and will have many more before Mr. Allen and his assistants are through with their labors among us. We bespeak for them much success in Bellefonte, and would say that anybody wanting a clean, reliable newspaper can make not mistake by subscribing at once for the *Inquirer*.

An Ode to Columbus.

The praises of Columbus,
We often do rehearse,
Sometimes in pose so stately,
Sometimes in ringing verse,

Many a once mournful melancholy, morbid, miserable man sings the praise of even a greater discovery than that of Columbus Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery opens up a new world of hope and health to the sick. It cures tubercular consumption which is simply lung scrofula—the active and dangerous development of a taint in the blood. Its blood cleansing botanic principles specially fit it to cleanse the blood and prevent the formation of ulcers in the lungs and bronochial tubes. Liver complaint, skin diseases and sores, are also cured by it.

A Distiller's License.

Judge Rice, President Judge of the Superior Court, at Pittsburg, handed down an opinion in the case of the remonstrance against the granting of a distiller's license to Levi M. Lauck of Newville. He says that no case has yet been decided; that under the act of 1891 any citizen of the United States of temperate habits and good character is entitled as a matter of right to a distiller's license for any place that he may see fit to designate, upon filing a regular petition and bond. A proper exercise of judicial discretion might under some circumstances warrant, if it did not require, an inquiry into the suitableness (not the necessity) of the place for the business.

A Question of Postage.

What is evidently a violation of the postal laws, and yet a point which is not covered by the law, has just been unearthed by a postmaster in the western part of the state. Some months ago a young man rented a lock box and deposited the necessary money for two keys to the box. One of the keys he gave to a young girl with whom he was corresponding. When a letter was written by either of these parties to the other it was simply carried to the box and deposited therein without going through the hands of the employes and without bearing a postage stamp. The postmaster has referred the matter to the authorities at Washington.

GETTYSBURG!

The Battlefield. A Weekly Illustrated Newspaper. Local.—Reminiscent—National.

A specialty of this paper is battlefield news. Its local columns will always be a record of the happenings in the Susquehanna, Cumberland and Potomac Valleys As this region embraces the most interesting fields of the operations of the civil war much of the local news will always possess a national interest and importance. It will be the aim of the editor to make the paper indispensable—

To every office and soldier in the Grand Army of the Republic;

To every member of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion;

To every battle-scarred hero of the Union Veteran Legion, and of the Union Veterans' Union;

To the brave spirits in the Regular Army and Navy Union and the National Association of Naval Veterans;

To the mothers, wives, daughters and sisters of Union soldiers in the Civil War, comprising the Woman's Relief Corps, auxiliary to the G. A. R.;

To the Sons of Veterans, U. S. A.;

To the entire membership of the United Confederate Veterans;

And to every American, North and South.

THE BATTLEFIELD is to be "reminiscent and historical," with reference particularly to the multitude of stirring associations that cluster around this interesting region. The news of the battlefield itself, the reunions of veterans, the dedication of monuments; the visits of distinguished people, with appropriate illustrations, will constitute an important feature of its make up. Our subscription rates are $2.00 per year in advance but in the case of twelve or more to one address, a $1.50 rate will be allowed with a copy free to the person getting up the club. Address all communications to The Battlefield,

3t. Gettysburg, Pa.

Bellaire, O., July 26.—Mrs. Mary Long, aged 43 years and her daughter, Daisy, aged 17 years, were drowned this evening in the Ohio river near the mouth of the McMechan creek. They were in a small boat with two young men, Thomas Bennett and William Francis, and while passing the snag boat, E. A. Woodruff, where the current runs swiftly, were drawn under the wheel, the boat being capsized and crushed by the paddles.

Bennett and Francis grasped the wheel and the two women seized the former, while Francis swam ashore. Bennett maintained his grasp on the wheel for some time, the women clinging to him, but Mrs. Long became exhausted and relaxed her hold. The fierce current quickly swept her away, and the daughter presently followed. Bennett relieved of his weight was able to draw himself upon the wheel, and after a short rest gained the shore.

The water at this point is 35 feet deep, and it was thought useless to make any effort tonight to recover the bodies. Sylvester Long, the husband and father, was down the river fishing when the tragedy occurred, and no word could be gotten to him. There is another daughter and two sons in the family.

The captain and crew of the Woodruff did all in their power to rescue the party, but were unable to lend effective aid. This is the first case of drowning here for eight years.

Paper Manufacturers Fail.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 28.—A. G. Elliott & Co., paper manufacturers, failed to-day, carrying with them the Philadelphia Parchment company, limited. Their assets consist of real estate in Philadelphia and Chicago worth from $175,000 to $200,000, and about $400,000 in securities. The failure is a tributed to the shrinkage in the value of share securities.

FARMERS

You can make money by selling and using HOLDFAST Corn Binders, used on every shock. Pull and it's fast. Ties itself. Costs less than a ring. Never wears out. Thousands easily sold in a town. Good profits. Get your town agency now. Outfit 5c., stamps. TIE CO., Box 188 Dunkirk, N.Y.

COURT PROCLAMATION—Whereas, the Honorable J. G. Love, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 49th Judicial District, consisting of the county of Centre, and the Honorable Cyrus Faulkner, Associate Judges in and for Centre county, having issued their precept, bearing date the 1st day of Aug. to me directed, for holding a Court of Over and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace in Bellefonte, for the county of Centre and to commence on the 4th Monday of August being the 24th day of August, 1896, and to continue two weeks, notice is hereby given to the coroner, justices of the peace, aldermen and constables of said county of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the 24th, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county, be ther and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 1st day of Aug. in the year of our Lord, 1896, and the one hundred and twentyeth year of the Independence of the United States.

JOHN P. CONDO, Sheriff.

AGENTS—Millions in it—Campaign Book. Life of McKinley and all candidates. Nearly 600 pages; 100 illustrations. Send 15c for outfit—quick. PEOPLE'S, 3243 Market, Philadelphia, Pa.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF CENTRE County.—In the matter of the Estate of William Resides, deceased.—The undersigned, having been appointed an Auditor to distribute the funds, now in the hands of the Administrator, in said estate, to and among those legally entitled to receive the the same, gives notice that he will be in his office in Bellefonte, for the duties of his appointment, JUNE the 30th, 1896, at 10 o'clock A. M. Parties interested please attend.

E. R. CHAMBERS,
Auditor.
ju 11-3t

JOS. HORNE & CO.

Out of Town Patrons

May save price of several trips on a purchase in this great July

Before Inventory Sale!

No surplus stock to be taken into account—every yard from every Department must go without reserve—

High Class Novelty Dress Goods, Elegant Silks, Fine American and Imported Wash Goods, Ready-made Garments, Millinery, Men's and Boy's Clothing, Etc., Etc.,

all to go in one grand

Clearance Sale

that will pay you to come hundreds of miles to attend.

A letter to our mail order department, giving suggestion of goods desired, as to material, style and quality, will receive same careful attention as do customers shopping at counters.

Penn Avenue and Fifth Ave.,
PITTSBURG.

FOR ANOTHER'S SIN.

Sir Mortimer Fabrican was an old man, one of the old types of English aristocrats—fiery, imperious, inordinately proud of of the integrity of his name and ancestry. At the time I went into his employe, years ago now, he was living alone with his only daughter at his family seat at Gloucestershire.

A strange looking tall lady was Miss Linda Fabrican, with large, black eyes and pale hard set features bearing the traces of some inward sorrow.

Sir Mortimer, I had learned had had a son whom he disinherited and disowned, owing to some act which had brought a dishonor on the name of Fabrican, and he forbade all mention of the scapegrace of the family.

A young man shabbily dressed, with a reckless albeit a handsome face stood on the doorstep and scanned me nervously as I looked questioningly at him.

"Is my—Sir Mortimer Fabrican disengaged?" he asked huskily.

"Yes Sir," I answered. "Will you come in?"

"Is there anyone in the library?"

"No Sir."

"Then show me in and tell your master I must see him."

"Very well sir! What name shall I give?"

"Oh, never mind the name. He'll know me fast enough," he added bitterly.

Sir Mortimer looked up in a surprised way when I communicated to him that a visitor had arrived and wished to see him. He opened the door and strode into the room.

"Father!"

That was all. A short dispairing cry and the father and son stood face to face once more.

A gray, drawn look stole over my master's face as for a brief moment he stood eyeing the prodigal who mysteriously reappeared. Then he found his tongue.

"So it is you, you hound," he said, his features working strangely, while there was a tone of surpressed rage in his voice;" It is you, is it? Have you forgotten, how I cast you off and forbade you ever to step into my house again? Be off before I forget myself and whip you as you deserve."

'I will speak, cried the younger man. As there is a God in heaven, I am innocent! But since you will not hear me, I will not try to save you. May it be on your own head, and may you reap as you have sown? but you will have the comforting assurance of knowing that you have sent me to the devil, and I curse you!' And, striding from the room the young man passed out into the hall.

I hastened to open the door for him. As he was passing out into the night he turned.

'You are a stranger to me, he said, after a brief space, but your face looks like an honest one. If you can contrive it, meet me tomorrow about this time, at the drive gate. It is a matter of life and death.'

The next morning after breakfast Sir Mortimer turned to me and said:

'If you value your situation here, Parkin, you will bear this in mind: Not a word of what you saw and heard last night, and mention my—my son's name to me again under pain of instant dismissal. That is all.

It was with some feeling of trepidition that I repaired to the trysting place that same evening to await the arrival of the disinherited son. Having inquired my name, he began.

You must first know how I came to be in this plight. Some years ago a forged check in my father's name was discovered. Suspicion at once fell on me, and, though innocent, I was at once branded as guilty by my father. He did not wish to have the family name dragged into court, so he took the easier course of disinheriting me and casting me off entirely. My enemy, whoever he was—and heaven knows I thought I had none worth speaking of—had done his work well. I became a frequenter of the turf, a gambler, and nearly—but thank heaven not quite—a thief. I was tempted some few weeks ago to join a band of burglars who contemplated robbing my father's house But though I had sunk low I was not quite bad enough for that, and overcome with remorse I determined to seek an audience with my father and warn him of his danger. The result of that interview you know, and—

Here he broke off abruptly, a queer break in his voice.

I will pass over the rest of our conversation and merely state the plan which the remorse stricken man had formed to checkmate the robbers.

I must explain that at the back of the house was a court yard, shut in on three sides by the kitchen premises of the house. It was a small window—that of the pantry—which was to be the mode of ingress. Young Mr. Geoffrey—that was the son's name—was to lead the burglars in their enterprise. He would conduct them through the window, and then with the aid of myself and Sir Mortimer, whom I was to apprise of the robbers' advent, would help to overpower the others, two desperadoes, for they had not wished to have too many concerned in the job.

Friday came, and it was, I am bound to confess, with no slight feeling of apprehension that I looked forward to the work which was before me, for I was no fighting man. Of course I had not mentioned the meditated robbery to the baronet, for that would have spoiled everything.

At 10 o'clock I stole noiselessly down to the kitchen and quietly waited till the burglars should arrive. I had not long to wait. I heard the muffled sound which warned me that they had commenced operations and, slipping away as noiselessly as I had come, I departed to apprise my master of the outrage on his property.

I found him sitting in his bedroom on a chair, clad in his dressing gown and slippers. His face was buried in his hands, and he was evidently lost in thought. At my entrance he started violently up and gazed with wonderment, not unmixed with anger, at me as I intruded myself on his solitude. I at once came to the point.

"Sir, said I, "there are burglars trying to force an entrance at the back."

Now, my master's bedroom was at the extreme wing of the building, so that had it not been for the fact that I already knew of the contemplated robbery he would probably have heard nothing of the burglars, taking for granted that they succeeded in reaching the dining room, where the family plate—their object—was secured.

He gazed at me curiously for a few seconds and then calmly walked across the room to his chest of drawers, which he opened, taking therefrom a small revolver, which he slipped into his pocket, handing another to me at the same time.

Sir Mortimer took the lead, and following close behind him, I noiselessly stole along at his heels. Arrived at the kitchen door, the sounds inside told us that we had come at the right moment. The baronet threw open the door. The gas had been lighted, and standing in the middle of the room were the three men, young Mr. Geoffry apart from the other two, pallid and haggard looking.

And then I do not rightly know what happened, it was all done so quickly.

Mr. Mortimer, stepping calmly into the room, raised his revolver and fired at his son, who was waiting for me, who had lost all presence of mind, to act on the initiative. With a groan he threw up his arms and fell forward with a dull thud on the stone floor.

The other two did not wait for more, but with incredible swiftness darted through the pantry and, locking the door behind them, made good their escape.

Just then a white figure appeared at the open kitchen door and gazed wildly about her. As her eyes fell on the body of the man lying prone and lifeless on the floor, Miss Linda Fabrican, for it was she, rushed forward and with a moan threw herself down beside her brother, apparently dead, killed by his father.

"My sin has found me out she moaned. My sin has found me out." And then her eyes wandering to the pool of blood which was crimsoning the flags, she cried out, I can bear it no longer father, the forgery wast my work.

Casting one look of concentrated hate and anguish on the wretched girl at his feet, he brushed her tremblingly aside and knelt down moaning softly to himself, beside the body of his apparently lifeless son.

Mr. Geoffrey did not die. His father had shot somewhat high, and the ball had glanced along the collar bone, making a long jagged wound. But still he was seriously ill, brain fever setting in afterward and for some time lay hovering between life and death.

I explained fully to the baronet the scheme his son had formed for thwarting the burglars, whoby the way, were captured some weeks after the attempted burglary, and Sir Mortimer's feelings of remorse and sorrow at the way in which he had wronged Mr. Geoffrey were terribly poignant.

As for Miss Linda, her story can be briefly summed up as follows: Years ago she had a lover with whom she was completely infatuated. Gambling and other forms of excess had left him in low water, and his sweetheart had forged the check to give him the money he needed sorrowfully, laying the blame on and weaving her subtile net of accusation around her innocent brother. What became of her I never knew.

If I only had kept my presence of mind and carried out my instrucrions, the baronet's hand might have been stayed and Mr. Geoffrey would not have been shot. But then perhaps Miss Linda would not have confessed. Thank heaven, there are not many women like her in the world.

A Large Timber Deal.

Clearfield *Republican*: Alfred Graham and W. A. Porter, of this place, closed a deal last Saturday with Robert Stewart, of Surveyor Run, Girard township, whereby they become the owners of 3,000 acres of land, the consideration being $40,000. The tract is underlaid with coal, and besides the improvements, consisting of a large saw mill and other buildings, there is a large lot of sawed lumber. On the piece there is 12,000,000 feet of hemlock, 6,000,000 of white pine, 2,000,000 of white oak, 1,000,000 of red oak, besides some 70,000 railroad ties. Messrs. Graham and Porter are both experienced lumbermen and they no doubt have a fortune in this deal. The timber will nearly all be run to Williamsport.

Jeanette Gas Plant Burned.

Jeanette, Pa, July 23—This morning Oaks McManaguel, an assistant engineer, entered the gas pumping station with a lighted lantern. During the night the gas jets had been leaking, and immediately an explosion followed. The entire building was soon in flames. Matthew Galoway, the regular engineer, responded to the call of the whistle, and in endeavoring to save some of the property was seriously burned about the head and hands. The building was totally destroyed.

Old-Fashioned Birthday Party.

Rochester, Pa., July 23.—Mrs. William Moore, of Boden, gave an old-fashioned party at her home last evening, in honor of the 54th anniversary of her husband's birth. About fifty guests were present, dressed in costumes of the early part of the century, who feasted on stewed chicken, flannel cakes and honey, and other early-day delicacies.

Woman Shot in a Petty Quarrel.

Uniontown, Pa., July 23.—As a result of children quarrelling, Mrs. George Nicholas, of Oliver, was shot through the leg and badly wounded. A neighbor woman whipped one of the children. The parents took it up and a fight ensued. Hugh Weimer pulled a revolver and fired at his sister, who was in the fight.

Wandered From Home.

Irwin, Pa., July 23.—This morning Thomas Paine, of Jacktown, left his bed and wandered away from his home in his night clothes. He was traced to the school house, about a half mile from his home, where all trail was lost. It is feared he threw himself in an air shaft of the Westmoreland Coal Company during a fit of despondency.

[Blair-Cambria Conference.

Altoona, Pa., July 23.—The State Senatorial conference of the Republicans of Blair and Cambria counties will be held here next Tuesday. The Blair county candidate, Dr. D. J. Appleby is for Wanamaker for U. S. Senate. John Stineman, the Cambria county aspirant, says he is for the man his constituents may want.

Armstrong County Gas Wells.

Kittanning, July 23.—Several strong gas wells have been struck by the Eastern Oil company, in Cowanshannock township, on territory belonging to the People's company, and arrangments having been made between the two to develop the territory. This week a force of 100 Italians went to the field to extend the People's company pipe lines to the new wells.

Parsonage Robbed.

Johnstown, Pa., July 23.—During the absence of the priest in charge of the parsonage of St. Joseph's Catholic church to-day thieves thoroughly ransacked the place, securing about $50 in money and valuables.

A dispatch dated Harrisburg to the Pittsburg Commercial *Gazette* this morning says:

It is stated here to night on reliable authority that Robert E. Wright of Allentown will resign the chairmanship of the Democratic state committee, and that he will bolt Bryan and Sewall. Mr. Wright is president of one of the strongest national banks in the Lehigh valley, and has large interests of various kinds directly connected with the single gold standard's preservation He is a man of strong convictions, and believes he would stultify himself to remain at the head of the state committee at this time. His friends here say he would like to avoid a resignation, but he sees no other alternative.

Mr. Wright wrote the gold plank in the Allentown platform, and hoped at the time the resolution would become a part of the Democratic national platform. The state committee will be called together in this city shortly to accept the resignation and elect as chairman some free silver friends of ex-National Chairman Harrity, like P. Gray Meek of Bellefonte, surveyor of the Philadelphia port, or Albert W. J Barr, surveyor at Pittsburg, or John W. Garman of Nanticoke. This would keep the state organization in Harrity hands. His opponents claim the new national committee does not trust Harrity's and that he hopes to get its confidence through a state organization that is ostensibly for free silver.

The meeting of the executive committee of the Democratic Society of Pennsylvania in this city next Saturday promises to be the most important in the history of the organization The attitude of the society towards the Chicago ticket will be defined. Ex-Lieut. Gov. Black, president of the state and national societies, will preside. He has not made a public declaration of the intentions, but his friends say he has determined to be 'regular' and swallow Byran and Sewall along with the Chicago platform James Kerr of Clarfield, Mayor Salts man of Erie and James M. Guffey of Pittsburg will also be here and it is thought will join with Black in an address to the Democracy of the state to stand by the ticket.

The Light of the Moon.

From the Ladies' Home Journal: The moon is a mirror which reflects the sunlight to us. An examination of moonlight with the spectroscope shows, of course, the same spectrum as that of sunlight. The quality of the reflection is indicated in the announcement that it would take no fewer than 618,000 full moons to supply to us an amount of light equal to that which we get from the sun, and there is only sky room for say, 75,000 of them. Some heat comes from the moon, but ordinary methods will not measure it. However, it is estimated that it is about one-eighty-thousandth of the amount which the sun supplies to us. The inclination of the moon's orbit to the horizon accounts for the 'harvest' and the 'hunter's' moon, which occur when the tipping is slightest, thus permitting the moon to rise about the same time for several successive evenings. The moon often appears much enlarged when on the horizon, but this is caused by the refractive feature of the air about the horizon and the natural tendency to compare it with terrestrial objects.

For Making Bad Money.

Uniontown, July 23.—While going through an abandoned mine yesterday some boys found a counterfeit's outfit, consisting of nearly a complete set of machinery, including a forge, fan, bull-wheel and other accompaniments, together with printed directions for making paper money, entitled "The Magic Money Maker." There was also several pounds of small shot and copper chips.

It is not known how they got there, as no counterfeit money had been here for a long time.

Wants the Committee Called.

Philadelphia, July 23.—A request came to Executive Chairman Boyer from Samuel A. Hamilton, state committeeman from Blair county, to call a special meeting of the Republican state committee to elect a state chairman. Mr. Hamilton says he is not pleased with the way Mr. Elkin was made state chairman vice Quay.

Bryan and Sewall Rally.

The democrats of this city held an enthusiastic Bryan and Sewall meeting in the arbitration room at the Court House on Wednesday evening. The object of gathering there at that time was to temporarily organize a club and make arrangements to ward effecting a permanent organization.

It was indeed an enthusiastic meeting in every respect. The attendance was large and the greatest of interest manifested upon all sides.

The organization of the meeting resulted in selecting A. S. Garman, president; P. Gherity and John Trafford, Vice Presidents; G. R. Meek Secretrry; Hammond Sechler, Treasurer. A committee of five was appointed by the chair to complete arrangements in order that a permanent organization may be effected.

During the evening stirring addresses were delivered by Col. 'Jack' Spangler, J. C. Meyer, W. C. Heinle and Ralph Spigelmyer. The speakers were frequently and loudly applauded during their respective addresses.

About one hundred and fifty members of the Bryan and Sewall club have already been secured and more are expected to join. The leaders express themselves as perfectly satisfied with the result of the meeting and state that another one will be held in the near future.

Fits Cured

From U.S. Journal of Medicine
Prof. W. H. Peeke, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy, has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any living Physician; his success is astonishing. We have heard of cases of 20 years' standing cured by him. He publishes a valuable work on this disease, which he sends with a large bottle of his absolute cure, free to any sufferers who may send their P. O. and Express address. We advise any one wishing a cure to address **Prof. W. H. PEEKE, F. D., 4 Cedar St., New York**

It's A Fine Hotel.

The Garman hotel as managed by the Garman brothers, Bellefonte, is an excellent hostelry. The managers themselves are obliging, the table ladened with the best the market affords, their rooms are well furnished, and all that can be done to make their guests comfortable is cheerfully given. Give the Garman brothers a call when you go to Bellefonte.—Lock Haven *Democrat*.

Eleven republicans joined the Bryan and Sewall club on wednesday evening.

—A junior Bryan and Sewall club was orginiziedion wednesday evening. Quite a large membership is reported.

—Don't fail to attend the Logan picnic at Hecla Park on Thursday, July 30. You will miss a treat only offered once in a lifetime if you stay away.

—The potato crop this year in Clinton county promises to be the largest ever grown. The acreage is large and the weather conditions have been favorable for rapid growth.

—Of all the strains and polishes to use for floors the cheapest and most durable stain is permanganate of potash. Pour a quart of boiling water on half ounce of permanganate of potash crystals. Apply this hot to the boards. It will look red at first, but soon becomes a good brown.

WANT A SOUND DOLLAR.

The Convention of Building and Loan Associations Adopt Resolutions.

Philadelphia, July 23.—The sentiment of the convention of building and loan associations on the money question was unmistakably shown just before adjournment this afternoon. The following resolution was offered:

The United States League of Local Loan and Buildings asociations, by their delegates in convention assembled:

"First. That it is the sense of this meeting that the interests of all shareholders of of building and loan associations in the United States, demand that the present standard of value, upon which our monetary system has been based since the resumption of specie payments in 1879, shall remain unchallenged and inviolate.

"Second. That we believe that the interest of every class in the community and especially those of the great wage earnings class, imperatively demand that every dollar in circulation, whether coin or paper, shall be equal in purchashing power, and therefore equal in value to every other.

"Third. That patriotism demands that the dollar bearing the mint mark of the United States shall be the equal of the dollar of the most advanced nations, and entitled to full faith and credit all over the world, and to that end it must be maintained free from all suspicion, debasement or repudiation."

The reading of the resolution was greeted with prolonged cheers and a number of delegates spoke enthusiastically in favor of the gold standard. When the vote was taken every delegate voted "aye."

Four Prisoners are Free.

Beaver, Pa., July 24.—Four prisoner escaped from jail here last night by cutting a hole through an 18 inch brick wall and sawing an iron bar. They were Chas. Johnson, the colored highwayman shot at Beaver Falls; Robert Reiley, arrested for highway robbery; C. C. Curtis alias Barber, held on charge of horse stealing, and David Evans in jail for malacious mischief.

Sheriff Molter did not know the men were missing until he opened the jail this morning, and he has no idea what time they made their escape or in what direction. They evidently climbed the 20 foot stone wall from the jail yard with the aid of blankets. How they secured the tools with which to cut the brick is worrying the officials. Every effort is being made to capture the fugitives.

Cycler Bled to Death.

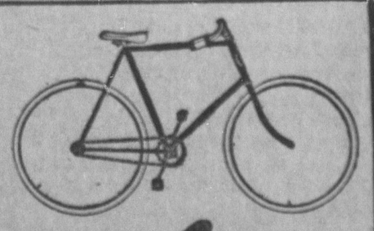
Indiana, Pa., July 22.—Harry Faith, a young man from Apollo rode on his bicycle from that place to Indiana to visit his grandmother last week. He was returning when his wheel struck a stone and threw him over the handle bars. He alighted on a flask, which had fallen from his pocket and so badly cut himself on the side and hip that he was unable to get up. He was found some time afterward in an unconscious condition, having fainted from the loss of blood. He was taken to the home of his grandmother and medical aid summoned. The physicians found that an artery had been cut, and sewed up the ugly wound. The patient was thought to be getting along nicely until last night when the wound opened and Faith bled to death

—An authority on cake making and diet says that cakes rich in butter and fillings are the cakes that kill. These cakes are not the foods that give brain and muscle, though we cannot deny that they do give pleasure to the sense and taste. Sunshine cake, angel food, and the sponge cakes, which are all made without butter, are more healthful. In greasing pans for cakes suet is much better material to prevent sticking than is butter.

West Point Cadetship.

Washington, Suly 23.—Cadet appointments to West Point are announced as follows: William C. Minnick, Bedford, Pa; John E. Breth, alternate, Altoona, Pa.

If you are able to pay $100 for a bicycle, why be content with any but a



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Beautiful Art Catalogue of Columbia and Hartford Bicycles is free if you call upon any Columbia Agent; by mail from us for two 2-cent stamps.

POPE MFG. CO., Hartford, Conn.

Branch Stores and Agencies in almost every city and town. If Columbias are not properly represented in your vicinity, let us know.

Another Robbery.

During the past eight weeks it has been no uncommon thing to hear of a robbery at this house or at that house and especially in the last few days the burglars have became so bold that the people are naturally wrought up to that state of fright that they hardly feel safe at night even when every door and window is securely locked.

Heretofore the work of these bold intruders has been done mostly in the dead hours of the night when no one is about. But on Thursday evening a robbery was perpetrated that for boldness and daring eclipses all former cases we have ever heard of. This time it was at the home of Samuel Fisher on Half Moon Hill that the theft was committed and articles to the value of $30 were taken.

Shortly after six o'clock in the evening Mr. Fisher came down street to attend to some business. His wife locked up the house securely and started to the home of a neighbor to spend the evening. Mr. Fisher returned home about eight o'clock and sat down on the front porch to wait until his wife came back. Upon her return they opened the front door and went into the house and after some little time started up stairs to retire for the night. They had no sooner reached the bedroom until they discovered that the house had been robbed. A search of the room was made and Mr. Fisher's revolver and a number of household articles were found to be missing. A bureau drawer was standing open and from this most of the goods were taken. The revolver was removed from Mr. Fisher's trousers which were hanging on the wall. The lower part of the house was left undisturbed and the uninvited visitors had done everything possible to cover up their work.

That it was the work of someone acquainted with the house and its surroundings there is no question. They also knew that nobody was home at that hour, which was between half-past six and eight o'clock, and did their work well, as only the most valuable things that could be carried off were stolen. It is almost without exception the meanest trick we have ever heard of, and Mr. Fisher being a poor man the loss will be keenly felt by him.

About six weeks ago an attempt was made to rob this same house by prying open a window, but the robbers were discovered and took to their heels. Samuel has purchased another revolver and a big Winchester rifle and he swears vengeance on the next person who disturbs his home at night.

$175.00 in Gold Given

International News and Book Co., Baltimore, Md., are making a most liberal offer of $175.00 to any agent who will sell 90 copies in two months of their new book "Under Both Flags," or a gold watch for selling 40 copies in one month. This premium is in addition to commission Graphic and thrilling adventures of the Civil War.—both sides. Every word written by eye witnesses. Stories of camp fires, comradeship, deeds of daring, anecdotes, etc. Hundreds of war pictures. One agent reports 25 copies sold in two days, another agent 42 in four days. Complete $1.00 outfit sent for 50 cents in stamps. Write them immediately. Freight paid and credit given. This is a splendid opportunity for students and others during their summer vacation.

—As a regular circumstance, says a correspondent at Lloydsville, Mrs. Peterson, of Glasgow, near there, placed thirty-six eggs under a turkey hen. The object was for the hen to hatch the eggs, and she did hatch thirty-seven chicks. One egg was double and that accounts for the surplus turkey population.—Johnstown Tribune.

—The State board of revenue commissioners discovered recently that improper returns of personal property, subject to taxation for State purposes of the past fiscal year, had been made by the boards of county commissioners. An investigation showed a decrease in 36 counties of $5,696 073.80 in the valuation as compared with the preceding year, while the increase in the other 31 counties amounted to $11 817,-778.39.

—Chauncey M. Depew recently said that he had helped about 1,000 men to positions where possibilities of advancement were before them. Nine tenths of them had thrown stones at him because he was not constantly hoisting them higher. One tenth of these men had climbed the ladder and were doing themselves and him credit. The man who needs to be boosted by influence all the days of his life is like the youngsters whose mother carried him months after he was able to walk, and then when she finally put him on his feet, began to bellow. Mr. Depew's 1 in 10 do him credit, and are the saving clause in the argument.

MAD DOG SCARE.

A Number of Hogs and Dogs Bitten in Brush Valley.

This week's *Gazette* says: On June 30th a large shepherd dog made his appearance in Brush Valley which had the appearace of being mad, and before anybody was able to kill him he had done a good deal of mischief and then disappeared and has not been heard of since.

The animal was first seen at George I. Yearick's where he fought with Mr. Yearick's dog and bit one of his hogs. From there he went to Henry Vonado's where he bit his dog and from there to Calvin Rishel's where he bit two of Mr. Rishel's hogs. From there he went to Isaac Longs' where he bit five hogs, then to John Longs where he bit his dog and from there across to Adam Bierly's where he bit two hogs and from there to Harvey Haughs' where he bit his dog. The hogs that were bitten soon began to froth at the mouth and showed signs of rabies. Long and Bierly killed all of their hogs that were bitten and Haugh and Long killed their dogs. Some of the citizens claim that the dog was not mad but very few farmers want to take chances and a wholesale killing has been the result.

It was reported on Saturday that the dog was again seen by the people attending a picnic in Turpentine Hollow, northwest of the Texas toll-gate, but the report is not authentic and we would not publish it as a fact. It is well, however, for the people to be on the lookout for the shepherd dog which has caused the trouble.

Woman and the Business World.

RACHEL FOSTER AVERY.

Woman has so far conquered a position in business that she now is admitted to almost all lines of work, except in many places the so-called learned professions This is not saying, however, that her admission is conceded upon terms of equal remuneration, for "equal pay for equal work" is still the exception rather than the rule.

In regard to woman's ability to fill certain positions under government, the following from a recent Washington Post is of interest: "Secretary of Agriculture Morton is a believer in the intellectual superiority of women. He says, too, that the civil service examinations in connection with appointments to positions in the Agricultural Department have shown that women candidates usually pass better examinations than men, and do their work equally well, if not better, when they are assigned to similar duties. The last civil service examination held in that Department was to secure two men assistants in library. There were thirty-eight candidates. Thirty of them were men, and eight were women, who were not invited to participate, but were allowed to come in and take their chances. The thirty men failed. The eight women passed, and the two that stood highest were appointed, although the advertisement announcing the examination expresaly stated that none but men candidates would be considered eligible."

One of our most active and ardent woman suffragists in the District of Columbia, Miss Nettie Louisa White is one of the three official stenographers in the U. S. Pension Bureau. She is the only woman ever appointed directly to a sixteen-hundred-dollar position in the Government service. This place was gained through civil service examination. The other two stenographers in the Bureau are men.

Those who still depy women the right to the ballot upon the basis that she is now a protected class, not exposed to the hardships with which men have to contend, should read and mark well such utterances as this of United States Representative Thomas W. Phillips of Pennsylvania, when, in speaking of the Labor Commission, he says: "The rights of woman must be more fully recognized in the future than they have been in the past. She is constantly entering new industrial fields and meeting their requirements with fidelity and ability. Her advancement in intellectual and moral pursuits is without a parallel in history. She is beginning to dominate along all the lines that lead to the betterment of the race. She has built and endowed more instituttions of benevolence and charity for the relief of want and suffering in the pass fifty years than were established by both sexes in all preceding times. Yet, notwithstanding all this, many of her sex still toil in sweat shops, fighting an uneven battle for child and home with avarice and greed. This blot upon civilligation must be removed, and woman's right and influence be recognized in any future movement for the betterment of our industrial system.

Mengre Telegram Concerning a Good Order.

Reading, Pa., July 23.—The Independent Order of Good Templars at to-day's session re-elected Rev. Geo. B. Jones, of Philadelphia, as grand chief templar. A beneficial feature was recommended to be adopted by all subordinate branches. The reports of finances were flattering. The next annual session will be held at Williamsport.

—A boy had smoked 1,200 cigerettes and saved the pictures, and then wrote the firm; asking them what they would send him in exchange for them. The answer came by return mail: "Smoke 1,200 more and we'll send you a coffin."

LAID TO REST.

Last Rites Said Over the Remains of the Late Elizabeth Humes.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Elizabeth Humes were held at 3 o'clock Thursday from the Presbyterian church. Rev. William Laurie, D. D., conducted the services which were very impressive. The last rites were attended by a large number of the friends of the deceased who had come to pay their last respects to the dead.

Dr. Laurie spoke words of comfort to the sorrow stricken family, relatives and friends and dwelt at length on the many good qualities of the one who was soon to be laid away. He spoke of her illness and how patiently she endured all her sufferings and concluded with the assurance that a grand reward awaits such as she.

At the conclusion of the services at the church, interment was made at the Union cemetery. The pall bearers were William P. Humes, Hamilton Humes, cousins, Irvin Humes, Edward Humes, brothers and Charles Gilmore and Archibald Allison brothers-in-law of the deceased.

Life of Mckinley

And Hobart Republican Candidates fo President and Vice President, by Robt. P. Porter, the noted journalist, present editor of the Cleveland World, and intimate friend of Mckinley for twenty-years n preparation, and the only work that has eceived the endorsement of Maj. Mckinley and his most intiment friends. No book equal to it as a seller. Everybody want the book published at McKinley's Home Porter's book sells at sight. Reader will accept no other. A gold mine fo live, active workers. Our agents are clearing from $10 to $20 a day. Chance for thousands ofothe rs to do as weil. This is the opportunity of your life. The highest commission paid. Orde Outfit now. Send 20c. (stamps taken) a an evidence of good faith which amount will be refunded with agent's first orde if it is only for one Charges prepaid leav ing profits clear. Act quick or weil e yo are waiting others will cut out. The N.G Hamilton Pub. Co 3475 Arcade, Cleveland, O.

He Hits Them Hard.

An exchange sizes up the mismated ma riages in this manner. Nine-tenths of the unhappy marriages are the result of green human calves being allowed to run at large in some pasture without any yoke on them. They marry and have children before they have mustaches, are proprietors of two pair of pants, and the little girls they marry are old woman before they are 20 years old. Occasionally one of these gosling marriages turns out all right, but it is a case of clear luck. If there was a law against young galoots marrying before they have all their teeth, we suppose the young cusses would avoid it in some way.

There is more catarrh in this section o the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co, Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

And So Should Bellefonte

Philipsburg ought to be able to take care of some of the little people sent out by the managers of the New York Tribune Fresh Air Fund. The children would enjoy a sojourn of a couple weeks in our little mountain city, and the food and shelter given them would prove a mutual blessing in many respects.—Philipsburg *Journal*.

Note of Warning.

Indigestion produces inflamation and ulceration of the stomach, and these are the exciting cause of so many deaths from cancer of the stomach. South American Nervine is the most momentous cure for stomach troubles the world ever saw. There is no case of indigestion and stomach weakness which it will not cure. A sound stomach is never affected by cancerous growths. Seve yourself by using this renowned cure which never disappoints. Sold by F. P. Green druggist, Bellefonte, Pa. [29-1y.

Must Pay All Arrearages.

Some people don't know that the courts have decided that if a person orders his newspaper discontinued he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the post office or not.

Trump Called for McKinley.

Greensburg, Pa., July 24.—Since the Republican National convention Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Trump, of near New Alexandria, had a son born to them, and last Sunday they had it baptized William McKinley Trump.

Found Dead in a Field.

Uniontown, Pa., July 24.—William Cramer was found dead yesterday morning in a field on the farm of Lewis Workman, in Charton township. Cramer escaped from the county home last week.

HUMPHREYS'

No. 1,	Cures	Fever.
No. 2	"	Worms.
No. 3	"	Infants' Diseases.
No. 4	"	Diarrhea.
No. 8	"	Neuralgia.
No. 9	Cures	Headache.
No. 10	"	Dyspepsia.
No. 11	"	Delayed Periods.
No. 12	"	Leuchorrea.
No. 14	"	Skin Diseases.
No. 15	Cures	Rheumatism.
No. 16	"	Malaria.
No. 20	"	Whooping Cough
No. 27	"	Kidney Diseases.
No. 30	"	Urinary Diseases
No. 77	"	Colds and Grip.

Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price, 25c., or 5 for $1.
DR. HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC MANUAL OF DISEASES MAILED FREE.
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SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co. Diamond Square, Philada., Pa.
To all Local Druggists.

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Send for free catalogue before ordering trees for Spring 1896. Satisfaction guaranteed. Apple at $10 to $18 per 100. Plums and Cherries at $15 to $25 per 100. Peaches at $8 to $12 per 100.
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Letters of Credit, Checks and Drafts on Foreign Countries at cheapest rates
SPECIALTY—Cable transfers and all other money transactions with Germany and Austria-Hungary.
Foreign money, bank notes, bonds, bought and sold.
Bankers wanted as agents in various towns 4t

Not one part but *every* part of HIRES Rootbeer tends toward making it the perfect temperance and healthgiving drink.
Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A 5c. package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

GROOM YOUR HORSE WITH
BONNER'S HORSE CLEANER.
No Flies, Fleas, Mosquitos or Lice.
Removes Dandruff, Dirt. Leaves Skin Soft and White.
$100.00 for any case *Mange* it will not Cure.
Stops Irritation, Rubbing. Fine for *clipped* horses.
Mane and Tail Cleaner of the world. *No Matting.*
Keeps Hair Fine, Soft and Silky. A Hair *Grower.*
No Scratches. Mud will not Stick. *Aids* in Shedding.
Horse Groomed in Less than Half the Time.
A Tonic. Harmless. Removes Stains.
Keeps Hair From Fading.
Expense but a Trifle. Half Gallon Cleans Horse 120 Times. By its Use Horse has Coat like Velvet. Also Used on Cattle and Dogs. For Milk Cows it is Especially Valuable in Fly Time.
Ask Dealer for *Bonner's Horse Cleaner.* Will Ship Half Gallon on Receipt of $1.00.
(MENTION THIS PAPER.) PATENTED.
TOLEDO SPECIALTY CO.
TOLEDO, - OHIO.
Use Bonner's Hoof Dressing and Barn Dust.

THURSTON GRAND RAPIDS CHEMICAL COMPANY
Thurston's PILLS
Are perfect health jewels, never known to distress but infallible to relieve. When everything else has failed to bring you relief for headache, biliousness, stomach and liver complaints ASK YOUR DRUGGIST for THURSTON'S PILLS. By mail 25 cents per package.

The Saddle Question.

Shows pelvis as it rests on the ordinary saddle.
This is an illustration of the old style saddle. If you will observe it carefully you will note that it fits like a glove (and a saddle should not). It presses the sensitive parts, causes soreness, stiffness and chafing, and has made cycling to a certain extent injurious, because few could enjoy a long ride without fear of injury.
All this is now changed. Here is represented the perfect saddle—the **Christy Anatomical Saddle,** showing the pelvis as it rests on the pads. The Christy Anatomical Saddle is the only saddle that is built right. Made of metal, of light weight, cannot warp or change its shape, has pads that rest the entire body, does not press the sensitive parts, prevents stiffness, and makes cycling a pleasure.

Shows pelvis as it rests on the Christy Saddle.
Price, $5.00
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Special rates to parties stopping 2 weeks or longer.
The Columbia House is centrally located and is furnished with all modern improvements, including steam heat. Only five minutes walk from the Broad Street Station, and one square from public buildings. Centre county people visiting Philadelphia cannot find a pleasanter or more convenient place to stop than the Columbia.

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does Johnson's Belladonna Plaster; —every spot where there is weakness, pain or any aching "How warming, how soothing, how quieting, how strengthening it is," say those who have felt it on their sore muscles, or on any place where external relief is possible. It even cures sea-sickness. It is clean, safe and speedy. On the face of the genuine see the Red Cross.
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cures Long Troubles, Debility, distressing stomach and bowels ills, and is noted for making sense when all other treatment fails. Every mother and invalid should have it.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists
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Made a Well Man of Me.
THE GREAT **FRENCH REMEDY**
produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address
ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 271 Wabash Ave., CHICAGO, ILL.
For sale by F. Potts Green, Bellefonte Pa.

EMPLOYMENT for men and women at home or to travel. Permanent route, goods light and easy to carry; almost as staple as flour. Address A. H. GOTTSCHALL,
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The *Profuse discharge of mucus* from the nose, the *dropping of mucus* from the nostrils into the throat, the *accumulation* of mucus and the constant inclination to hawk and expectorate. 50 Cts. per Box, (disks).
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BREAKFAST—SUPPER.
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
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WANTED-A MAN
In each county for one year to hire and superintend agents. $65 a month. State age experience and references. Enclose stamp THE HUBBARD CO., 1023 Filbert street Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—an agent in every section to canvass: $4.00 to $5.00 a day made, sells at sight; also a man to sell staple goods to to dealers. best side line $75.00 a month. Salary or large commission made, experience unnecessary.
CLINTON SOAP MANUFACTURING CO.,
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Salesmen Wanted
on salary, to sell Pennsylvania grown Nursery stock, which is the best in the world. All the new specialties as well as the Standard varieties of fruits and ornamentals. A fine outfit furnished and all travelling expenses paid. Salary dates from day work is commenced. Write for terms stating age.
HOOPES, BRO., & THOMAS,
Maple Avenue Nurseries,
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Office in Crider's new building corner of Allegheny and High streets 16-35-1y

LARRABEE'S RHEUMATIC LINIMENT
has enjoyed a constant patronage for over sixty years. It is wonderfully efficacious in all painful diseases, such as
Rheumatism, Lumbago,
Catarrh, Toothache,
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and other ailments where pain is an attendant. Try it. At Drug stores, or by mail on receipt of name, address and 25 cents.
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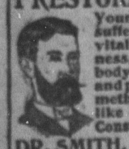
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To all sufferers of ERRORS OF YOUTH, LOST VIGOR and DISEASES OF MEN AND WOMEN. 208 pages; cloth bound; securely sealed and mailed free. Treatment by mail strictly confidential, and a positive, quick cure guaranteed. No matter how long standing, I will positively cure you. Write or call.
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Bellefonte Republican,

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Local Department.

Always in season, Hopkins' Steamed Hominy (Hulled Corn). Elegant lunch in milk. Qt. can, 10c.

There is no remedy on earth so simple, so effectual, so natural, in the cure of summer complaint in all its forms as Dr. Fowler's Ext. of Wild Strawberry.

—There will be plenty to eat for all at Hecla Park on Thursday. No one will be allowed to leave the grounds hungry.

—Captain Pearson, of the Sixth Cavalry, U. S. A., stationed at Fort Myers at Washington, D. C., has been detailed as Commandant at State College.

—Williamsport's mayor has issued an edict forbidding the sale of cigars on Sunday. He also says his policemen must not converse with citizens, male or female, unless on matters of duty.

—P. M. Weber of the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory passed through Bellefonte today on his way home from Mackeyville. He had in charge a prisoner who was out on parole but who was taken back to the institution on account of misbehavor.

—The Epworth Herald says that a teacher was recently hearing a class in an infant Sunday school room, and was having her scholars finish each sentence to show that they understood her. "The idol has eyes," she said "but it couldn't—"See!" cried the children. "It had ears, but it couldn't"—"Hear" was the answer. "It had lips but it couldn't" "Speak" once more repeated the class. "It had a nose, but it couldn't"—"Wipe it!" shouted the children. And the lesson had to stop for a moment for the teacher to recover her composure.

—The management of the Tennessee Centennial Exposition is using every effort to bring together the most unique and attractive things procurable, and the best exhibits in each class are solicited. No charge will be made for a reasonable amount of space for exhibits in any of the buildings, but each exhibit offered will be subject, for acceptance or rejection, to the committee on Classification, with the approval of the Director General, composed of the heads of departments. In order that the exhibit may be in place on the opening day, the exhibitor will be required to make a deposit in cash with the management when the exhibit is accepted An agreement will then be entered into, under which the management promises to have its buildings ready January 1, 1897, and the exhibitor agrees to forfeit the deposit if the exhibit is not in place and ready for inspection on May 1,1897.

"Prince Leo" is Here.

Leo Stevens, the world renowned aeronaut, arrived in Bellefonte this morning and can now be found at the Garman House. Since leaving this city several weeks ago, Leo has made a number of ascensions and met with some thrilling adventures which are interesting to hear. On Thursday he will make one of his grand ascensions at Hecla Park which will be witnessed by thousands of people. Everybody who possibly can should not fail to attend and see this wonderful feat. It is a chance of a life time and should not be allowed to pass by without taking advantage of it.

Business Change.

Edward Gillen, the popular and enterprising young merchant who keeps a fruit stand and tobacco store in the Crider building on High street, has purchased the fruit store owned by George Fasig and on Monday will vacate from his present location and consolidate the stock of the two stores and in the future will have his store where Mr. Fasig was. Ed is a hustler and we wish him much success in his new departure.

Will Go to Hecla.

On Wednesday, August 5, the Methodist Sunday school and congregation of this place will picnic at Hecla Park. It will without doubt be the largest picnic of the kind ever held at Hecla and over one thousand people are expected to be present. A band will be on the ground, there will be good singing, and in fact everything that goes towards making a picnic a success. Watch for further notices.

For earache, put a couple of drops of Thomas' Eclectric Oil on a bit of cotton and place it in the ear. The pain will stop in a few moments. Simple enough isn't it.

From Camp Gibbon

CAMP JOHN GIBBON,
LEWISTOWN, PA.,
July 25, 1896.

MR. EDITOR:—'Tis now 6.30 Saturday morning. The sun is shining brightly, the air is pure and balmy, mudpuddles cover every street in camp and the boys are just finishing the last regular meal that will be provided at this encampment. By 4 o'clock this afternoon every regiment will have departed for home, leaving behind a few men to roll up the tents when they have become entirely dry, for they certainly were soaked by the continuous downpour of Thursday night and Friday. The "B" boys are now packing their kits and sprucing up to make the neatest possible appearance when they arrive at their respective homes this evening. To say that they will be glad to get home is drawing it mildly, for *mud* is the prevailing element on every hand, and as the boys had nothing but mud ankle deep yesterday, they feel that they are ready now to abide again in the land of sidewalks and carpets. Thursday, without doubt, was the eventful day at camp when thousands of people gathered on the campground from far and near to witness the drills of the soldiers by division in the morning and the grand review by Gov. Hastings in the afternoon. Such a spectacle has perhaps never been witnessed in this country since the war, as that produced on Thurday when the entire division of three brigades—fifteen regiments—three troops of cavalry and three batteries of artillery—executed battle manoeuvres upon the immense extent of low land in front of and about division headquarters that not only surprised but even thrilled every spectator, the U. S. Army officers not excepted. Indeed the latter were astonished at the successful manoeuvring of nearly 9,000 men in movements that they themselves had never participated in, because they are executed only in division drills. The day was a glorious one, cool and pleasant as one could wish for, and when, in the early morning, the Second brigade moved forward from their end of the camp to join the other brigades at the other end, the sight was one so beautiful and interesting that words are inadequate to portray it. And when the brigades were lined up on the field in battle array and, at the command of Gen. Snowden, passed along by the brigade commanders to the colonels, and from them to the company officers, moved with the precision almost of a single regiment, the effect was inspiring. The success of the drill was so pronunced that it will undoubtedly lead to the establishing of a permanent drill ground large enough for division manoeuvres.

In the afternoon the division, accompanied by two troops of U. S. cavalry and one battery of artillery from the regulars, passed in review before the Governor, and the display was simply grand. Gov. Hastings, in his civilian clothes and high silk hat, presented a very dignified appearance surely. Yesterday was looked forward to as another day for magnificent drills and a review by Gen. Miles of the U. S. Army, but the rain fell in torrents during Thursday night and Friday and so prevented even the slightest semblance of military movements. The sentinels, of course, were posted and relieved as usual, but that is about all that was done, the officers and men being satisfied to rest in their tents and amuse themselves in the way most after their own liking. A little incident occurred in the afternoon which infused a little variety into the otherwise monotonous day. It was rumored that a negro had cut the throat of a man in the Fourteenth regiment. The rumor traveled like wild-fire through the camp and soon hundreds of soldiers were gathered near the little group of houses to the rear of the station at the Junction, in one of which the darkey had been seen to run for escape. In the meantime the excitement is diminished considerably by the announcement that the negro had only attempted to murder and that no injury had been inflicted. The boys were anxious for fun, however, and so they searched the houses very carefully and eagerly until suddenly the cry sounded forth "There he is! Here he is!" and a moment later the darkey was a prisoner under guard of special guards and commanded by General Wiley himself. Shouts of kill him! kill him! get a rope! and similar wild expressions filled the air. But they filled Gen. Wiley with supreme disgust and indignation and he called a halt at once, ordering all men back to their quarters and calling out a large patrol to carry his orders into prompt effect. He further expressed his utter surprise that National Guardsmen would give vent to such mob-like utterances. This put a quietus on what might have been a very ugly scene. The negro was then safely conducted to headquarters and we have heard nothing of the affair since.

The quarters of Company B were enlivened by the presence of Jim Harris, Geo. Bayard, John Bower, George Meek and several others from the town of governors. Other Bellefonte friends who had driven over to spend Friday in camp were obliged to spend the day in Lewistown. Among this number of disappointed ones we might mention Mrs. H. C. Quigley, Miss Wood, Miss Merriman, and Messrs. A. Scott Harris and Harry Keller. But these were among the interested spectators on Thursday and so their trip was not a failure by any means. They left this morning early, accompanied by Captain Quigley, for their homeward trip. This is the last camp for our captain, as he tendered his resignation to the colonel yesterday. As to his successor, there will not be any fight on that point. First Lieutenant Jackson has declared he would not take the captaincy and Second Lieutenant Hugh S. Taylor will be the unanimous choice of the company. Every member in the company recognizes in Hugh a thorough and competent soldier and if he accepts the captaincy he will do so with the purpose and determination to do his very best in making and keeping up a company that Bellefonte and the National Guard need not be ashamed of. Hugh never is satisfied with doing anything by halves, and such men are needed in military commands. The members of the company are loth to part with Captain Quigley, for he has made an excellent officer, has been faithful and competent in the discharge of all his duties, and by his military bearing in the armory, in the camp and on the field has won the esteem and admiration of every member in his company as well as of all officers who have had any acquaintance with him at all. He has been truly a popular and efficient captain and it is to be regretted that he has deemed it advisable to resign; but while we feel we lose a good captain in him who has just resigned we are greatly encouraged by the knowledge that a successor will be elected who will make a captain as efficient and popular as any in the Guard. When another company comes and asks a second lieutenant to command them in a battalion drill, this is sufficient evidence of the regard others hold of his military abilities. So that Company B, we believe, has a bright future before it.

It is now time to fall in for the last battalion drill of the year and we must close this already lengthy letter, leaving it to the members of the company to tell what they know best and I have omitted in their own interesting way. SOLDIER.

Has Resigned.

Captain Henry C. Quigley handed in his resignation as Captain of Company B. while at camp last week. It will be accepted at once and an election will be ordered to fill the vacancy in the near future. It is a little too early in the game to say who the new captain will be.

—Logan picnic on Thursday.

—Don't fail to attend the Logan picnic at Hecla park on Thursday.

—The rainy season has played havoc with the crops that are cut but still lying in the fields.

—The annual Catholic picnic will be held at Hunter's Park next month. Watch for further notice.

—James Solt is prepared to do all kinds of reparing of boots and shoes and those who take their work to him will make no mistake. Give him a call.

—A good cow now brings as much in market as an average horse. Beef cattle will never drop in prices the consumption of meat keeps pace with the increase in population and the grazing area is becoming less from the encroachments of agriculture.

PROHIBITION CONVENTION.

Rev. George A. Singer of Stormstown Made Temporary Chairman and County Chairman Zeigler re-elected Without Opposition.

The Prohibitionists of Centre county met in convention this morning at the Court House. Quite a large number of delegates were in attendance and the greatest interest manifested by all present.

It was the original intention to hold the convention in the Arbitration room and in fact the session did commemce there, but owing to so many persons coming in it was necessary to adjourn to the Court room.

The first business was the reading of the call of the convention by County Chairman Zeigler. Rev. G. A. Singer of Stormstown then offered up a short prayer, after hhich the convention got down to work. Owing to the Executive Committee having failed to meet and map out the order of business, the meeting to use Chairman Zeigler's words, "was a following of spontaneous opinions all through." Chairman Zeigler made a brief address to the delegates in which he spoke of the strife in the Republican and Democratic parties and also how the Prohibition party came near being wrecked.

Two persons were named for temporary chairman, which resulted in the following vote:

Rev. G. A. Singer	14
Rev. J. Zeigler	1

Mr. Singer then took the chair and Newton S. Bailey was elected secretary. Chairman Singer delivered a short but well worded address, in which he told of the progress the Prohibition party has made since 1874 when, at a State convention held at Harrisburg, there were but fifty delegates in attendance. He further said, in speaking of recent events, that it was better for the party in the end that the silver delegates bolted at the National Prohibition convention held at Pittsburg some time ago.

The appointing of committees was dispensed with and Rev. C. C. Miller presented the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

"*Resolved*, That we, the Prohibitionists of Centre county in convention assembled, adopt both the State and National platforms of the Prohibition party as adopted at Philadelphia and Pittsburg respectively; and hereby pledge ourselves to support Levering and Johnston as our national standard bearers at the coming election, and all the nominees nominated on the Prohibition ticket including state and county."

At this stage of the program a discussion arose as to whether or not a full ticket should be placed in the field by the convention. After considerable argument on the question, it was finally decided that there should, and the balloting for nominees commenced. For sheriff, Henry Fredricks, of Boalsburg was nominated by acclamation. There were three candidates named for assembly and a vote taken resulted in the selection of H. Wilbur Bickle of Boggs township and W. S. Blair of Blanchard.

For treasurer T. Wilson Way of State College was chosen unanimously as was also John D. Gill, Jr., of Philipsburg for recorder. Some little difficulty was encountered in naming a candidate for register, W. W. Bell and Rev. C. C. Miller both declining. Cornelius Davis was finally selected. For commissioners, John Wolfe, W. J. Dale and Samuel Mattern were suggested and a vote resulted as follows:

Wolfe	17
Dale	10
Mattern	23

Messrs Mattern and Wolf were then declared the nominess.

W. A. Hartsock and George W. Heaton were named for auditors and county chairman Zeigler was re-elected he having no opposition. Mr. Brennan of Forest county was endorsed for Congress and after hearing a report from the treasurer, the convention adjourned.

It Was Appreciated.

Those who attended the Presbyterian church on Sunday were treated to some music of a rare quality. During both morning and evening services beautiful solos were rendered by Mrs. Beech of Bridgeton, N. J., and Mrs. Scarlett of Danville. Both ladies have voices far above the ordinary and their selections were greatly appreciated by the congregation.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

DEAD BODY OF A MAN FOUND.

Supposed to Have Been Murdered for His Money.

Thursday afternoon while Mrs. George Long was picking huckleberries on Warriors ridge, near Limestone hollow, about 4 miles west of this place, said she discovered the body of a man lying in the woods with nothing on but pantaloons and shirt. She approached the body and lifted his arm off his head to see if she could recognize him and found a large hole in his forehead. She found a cane alongside the body upon which were three initials. The body had evidently lain for several days, judging from its appearance. It is supposed to have been murdered for his money, as nothing was found in his pockets.

Mrs. Long came to her home on Mifflin street near 19th last evening and made known her ghastly discovery to some of her neighbors, and the affair came to the knowledge of Coroner G. Greenberg about 9 o'clock, too late to summon a jury and search for the body. He will investigate today. Mrs. Long says she tore off a piece of her apron and stuck it on the limb of a tree near where she found the body, to serve as a marker.—Huntingdon News.

Personal Pencilings.

Misses Anna Lucas and Mary Candy of Howard visited friends in this city Saturday.

Ned. Bricker of Chambersburg, a cadet at West Point, is visiting Ed. Hoy of this city.

Assistant Adjutant General and Mrs. W F. Reeder were arrivals in town Saturday from Camp.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Garman departed Thursday on a two weeks' visit to Niagara Falls.

Miss Emily Valentine arrived in town from Atlantic City, on Friday evening to spend the summer.

Miss Nellie Bradley of Bradford is pending her vacation at the home of her parents in his place.

Mr. and Mrs. Foltz of Lancaster are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. L. Potter on Linn Street.

Mrs. J. J. Brisbin and daughter of Boston are visiting Mrs. Brisbin's sister, Mrs. Henry P. Harris on Howard street.

Commissary Sergeant Robert F. Hunter returned from camp Saturday much refreshed by the week's outing.

Mrs. John Gould and little daughter, departed Saturday afternoon for Lock Haven where she will visit her many friends.

Miss Lyon of Pittsburg who has been the guest of Miss Caroline Orvis for several days, departed for home on Tuesday.

George W. Rumberger, our popular county, Register returned home on Monday after a pleasant sojourn at Atlantic City.

Col. W. F. Reynolds returned home Saturday from Lewistown where he has been attending the encampment during the past week.

William Kelley one of the efficient clerks at the Pennsylvania Freight Station departed on Friday to visit his mother in Philadelphia.

Edward Hepburn of this city who has been in Williamsport assisting Evangelists Weaver, Wharton and Weeden returned home on Friday.

William Thomas, son of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Thomas Sr., of Thomas Street arrived home on Friday from Jersey City on a week's vacation.

Mrs. Henry P. Harris of this city has returned home from Canton Ohio. She was accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Lydia Tonner of that city.

Mrs. Strouse of Philadelphia, who has been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. Faubl on High Street for several weeks departed for home on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Speer of Pittsburg departed for home Monday after a weeks visit to the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Speer on West high Street, this city.

Mr. Charles VanDievender of Baltimore, departed for his home Monday after spending Sunday in this city. He was accompanied by his little son Elliott.

Mrs. Dr. J. Harry Pickle *nee* Miss Frances I. Twitmire, of Millersville, accompanied by her little daughter, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Twitmire of this city.

Governor and Mrs. Hastings returned home Saturday afternoon from the National Guard encampment at Lewistown. They were met at the station by a host of friends.

Mrs. Simon Loeb and Miss Gertrude Bloomingdale of Philadelphia departed for home Monday after a delightful visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. Fauble of this city.

Percy Darlington, Esq., son of Congressman Darlington of West Chester, who has been visiting Edmond Blanchard of this place for several days, departed for home Saturday morning.

J. C. Meyer one of Bellefonte's most prominent and popular lawyers, departed Saturday on a ten days' visit to his old home at Aaronsburg. He was accompanied by his wife and daughter Edna.

Gregg Curtin of this place who is employed in the great Westinghouse Works at Pittsburg, is home on a two weeks' visit. Gregg says he is going to make his mark some of these days—with a hammer.

An Able Sermon.

Rev. Dr. Wood of Philadelphia occupied the pulpit in the Presbyterian church on Suhday morning and delivered an able sermon which was greatly enjoyed by everyone who heard it.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ill Biliousness, Indigestion, Headach. A pleasant laxative. All Druggists

SHEFFER—STRICKLAND.

A Popular Bellefonte Young Couple Married on Tuesday Evening.

This is indeed a world of surprises. There is hardly a day but something turns up that is rather sudden or unexpected at that time. But the surprise on Tuesday evening has completely eclipsed everything so far this season.

There have been rumors for some time that there would be a wedding in Bellefonte before many months, but they were generally smiled at or else flatly contradicted by the parties most directly concerned. Had the people put more faith in the latest rumor, they would have been prepared for what took place on Tuesday evening.

It was the night of the Midway Plaisance at the Armory and thither almost everybody in town had gone. Shortly before 8 o'clock it became noised around that there had been a wedding and it took but a few seconds until it had spread all over the city like wild-fire. Once known what it was, it was soon traced to the home of Mrs. Cyrus Strickland on Bishop street. That was sufficient. The rest was soon known and almost before anybody could fully realize what had happened, Mr. and Mrs. A. Lester Sheffer had departed on their bridal tour to eastern cities.

It was a quiet but pretty home wedding. The contracting parties were Mr. A. Lester Sheffer and Miss Jennie Strickland. The ceremony was performed at 7.30 o'clock by Rev. William Laurie, D. D., pastor of the Presbyterian church, and was witnessed by but the immediate families of the contracting parties. At the conclusion of the pretty ceremony the newly married couple were showered with the hearty congratulations and best wishes of all present, and then everybody sat down to a delicious wedding supper, where a happy hour was spent. At 8.49 the happy couple departed amid showers of rice and old shoes, for eastern points on their wedding trip. Before their departure they were tendered a beautiful serenade by the Undine Band.

A Good Sermon.

The A. M. E. church was largely attended Sunday evening to hear Rev. H. A. Grant the pastor, discourse upon 'christian citizenship.' The speaker said in part: "We should have God in our business as well as in our churches; in our pleasures as in our prayer-meetings; in our politics most of all." Christianity is the underlying principle of our life. The regenerate and pure in heart will never emancipate it from anything. Whenever you hear a man saying that his business is so pressing that he finds it difficult to be a christian, that man has made a mistake as to his genuine conversion. All sorts of burdens of care come from the selfish avaricious ambitions and covetous graspings and hoardings of life. The wordly desires of men are inordinate, for dress, for show, for luxurious living for social distinction, for admiration, for office, and for power. The absolute impossibility of satiating them, shows the emptiness of earth, to meet the wants of an immortal and redeemed nature like man's. But if a man will (mind high things,) when God tells him not he must pay the penalty. A burden of care comes. The cares of riches, of office, and of fashionable life, make the man a stranger to the joys of humbler people. After dwelling on the Bible as the source from which our free institutions have sprung, freedom of thought and freedom of speech and freedom of ballot, the free school open alike to all creed and profession. William Mills made a fervent and intelligent prayer for our land and country, for all who are in authority and for christians to. We christians citizens now and always—every day alike.

Shot At Burglars.

On Tuesday evening Ben. Williams, who lives a short distance north east of this city, discovered burglars trying to get into his house and securing a revolver fired two shots at the fleeing robbers. Neither of the shots took effect but the badly frightened culprits never stopped until they were a long distance off. Ben says he wants the people to understand they can't fool around his place at night and not get hurt.

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